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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1866.

DEATH OF FRANCIS KARNS, ESQ.

It is with feelings of deep regret that we announce the death of FRANCIS KARNS, Esq., of East Deer township, who has been suddenly called away in the midst of his usefulness. Some five days ago, being engaged in forwarding the work on the West Pennsylvania Railroad, acting solely under the promptings of his generous and enterprising spirit, he was thrown from his buggy down an embankment, and was so severely injured that death ensued yesterday morning. He was in his sixty-seventh year.

MR. KARNS was one of our most active and enterprising citizens, ever ready to help on every useful enterprise, whether moral or material—warm and sincere as a friend, and enthusiastically patriotic as a citizen—well informed, and an accurate and independent thinker. More than thirty years ago, during the administration of Governor RITNER, he represented this county, in part, in the Legislature, and since then he has filled many positions of public usefulness. In politics MR. KARNS was a Whig and then a Republican, and no man held his principles more honestly and sternly than he; yet that sternness was tempered by his natural kindness and generosity, so that even those whom he opposed were constrained to love and respect him.

NEW YORK.—The "Fusionist" Convention was in session in Albany, and hotly engaged in intestine squabbles about their candidate for Governor, when the news from Maine came in like a clap of thunder. Many long faces, much swearing, and general consternation was the natural effect upon the many-colored assemblage. But it seemed to strengthen the old Democracy as against their new allies, whom they began to discover were very unprofitable partners—only a few leaders without followers.

IT ADDS SOMEWHAT to the gratification which the glorious result in Maine has given to the whole country, that four of the five defeated candidates for Congress were renegade Republicans. It might be inferred from this that the old "unterrified" have not made a fortunate partnership. But we can hardly with truth call them "unterrified;" for had they not been very badly scared they would not have made such a bargain.

CITTON:—The Bread and Butter ... very anxious to use the names of ... e gentlemen on their commercs without consulting them; and in case these gentlemen decline to have their names thus used, they publish them as having been expunged from their minutes, &c., &c.

Well now there are some names that have been "expunged," and their owners *expelled* from the Union League of America—as will be seen by the following extract from the minutes of that patriotic Association.

After setting forth in a preamble the *causes* of expulsion, (which they *ought*, and no doubt will understand,) the minute proceeds—"Therefore, *Resolved*, That the aforementioned members, namely, Wm. F. Johnston, Henry A. Weaver, Nat. P. Sawyer, James Lowry, Jr., Frederick A. Voltz, John H. Sawyer, John B. Kennedy, Geo. F. Gilmore and Billings G. Childs be expelled from, and no longer acknowledged as honorable members in good standing in the Union League of America."

—Sec. Pro Tem.

Massachusetts Republican Convention.

BOSTON, September 13.—The Massachusetts Republican State Convention met in Tremont Temple to-day. General Benjamin F. Butler presided and made a lengthy speech. Governor Bullock and the whole State ticket was renominated by acclamation. The Convention then took a recess. The attendance was large and harmonious.

BOSTON, Sept. 13.—The Republican State Convention was called to order here to-day. After re-nominating all the present officers for re-election, the Convention adopted an address to the people of Massachusetts. The address says: We have lately had the strange spectacle of the President of the United States deliberately placing himself at the head of the combination of half reconstructed rebels and their defeated northern allies, going about the country accompanied by a portion of his cabinet, and denouncing the legislative branch of the Government as an illegal and traitorous body, hanging upon the verge of the government, which is paramount to all, proposes to be, and averring principles and purposes, the logical results of which must be a violent attempt to subvert Congress, or at the least a nullification of all its legislation since the war broke out. We cannot be insensible that until the term of this dangerous man shall expire, all the financial and business interests in the country will be subject to disturbance, and the legislation of Congress is liable to overthrow, or of its validity, the amendment of the Constitution prohibiting slavery, is of precarious and doubtful permanence, and the country is in imminent danger of losing everything which we won by a successful war on the land and sea.

The address then declares that Congress ought not only to support but strengthened at the coming elections throughout the country. Second, That the country has already suffered enough from the presence of traitors in the Capital, and the greatest caution against the admission of disloyal citizens, or half constructed Unionists ought to be exercised, and no States or communities ought to be represented in the Senate or House unless evidence is given of satisfactory representatives and the people of the North and the loyal people of the South that such States or communities, as well as the men chosen to represent them, are likely to remain so. Third, That so long as there exists a party dominant in some of the States, and defiant in all, which hopes by the President to break down the Congressional control over the question of Reconstruction and reinstate in their seats the Representatives of treason and rebellion, the people have no security except in their own continued vigilance against a disastrous election, which may put back the cause of progress many years, and disgrace the country in the eyes of the civilized world. Fourth, That we desire the restoration of all the States of the Union under the condition of justice and liberty. We approve the amendment to the Constitution proposed by Congress and now pending before the States, and that we are fully prepared to believe the declaration of the Southern Unionists made at Philadelphia, that there can be no safety to the country until the National birthright of impartial suffrage and equality before the law be conferred upon every citizen of the States they represent. The principle and traditions of the commonwealth impel us here to second this demand so solemnly made for the complete enfranchisement of a long oppressed race, and the establishment of an American and Democratic policy of Government.

Finally, fellow citizens, we recognize the fact that all questions of reconstruction, of suffrage, of protection to the freedmen and security to the persecuted unionist of the South, resolve themselves into these: Shall the people who conquered in the war, (consist) it? Shall the soldiers of the Union whose bravery decided on the field the fate of the war, and whose services will be held in everlasting remembrance reap the rich results of their labors in a regenerated country? In the words of an eminent Tennessee loyalist, now the guest of the people of Massachusetts, "shall we reconstruct like the rebels or shall they reconstruct us." The address was unanimously adopted.

BOSTON, Sept. 13.—The Republican Convention, at one o'clock, adjourned to Faneuil Hall in a body to pay respect to the Maine loyalists now here. The meeting was immense. Probably five thousand persons were inside the Hall. General Butler called the assemblage to order and delivered an address. He was followed by Wendell Phillips.

Destructive Fire at Oswego, N. Y.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Sept. 13.—A fire broke out early this morning in the knitting factory owned by Barhan Bieb and leased by Fletcher & Wentworth, which was entirely consumed, together with Scott & Nesbett's planing mill and boat yard. The flames spread to the new building recently constructed for the Canal Collector and Weighmaster's offices, and to Hubbard & North's tannery, which were considerably damaged. The total loss is estimated at $50,000. There was an insurance on the knitting factory of $15,000, Fletcher & Wentworth's loss is $12,000, which is insured for $7,000. Scott & Nesbett's loss on the building and stock is $2,500, which is insured for $3,000. Hubbard & North were insured on their building and stock $22,500, while their loss is about $2,500.

Serious Accident.

NEW YORK, September 13.—Ex-Mayor Wood, of Brooklyn, and wife, and Mr. Hagner and wife, met with a serious accident yesterday afternoon, while riding in a carriage near the former's residence, at Jamaica, Long Island, the horses ran away and dashed the carriage to pieces. Mr. Hagner was rendered insensible. His skull was found to be fractured, and he cannot live. Colonel Wood was so badly cut on the face that he may be disfigured for life, and the ladies were cut and bruised terribly.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.---NO. 219. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

CITY ITEMS.

All Work

Warranted, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Satisfaction

Guaranteed, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Nothing

But a prime article sold, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

Black and Fancy Goods

At wholesale and retail, and Moire Antiques, at J. W. Barker's & Co., 59 Market street.

Sensibly Speaking

The Opera House Shoe Store is the cheapest place to buy good goods at, in the city.

The Opera House

Shoe Store has greater facilities for doing business, than any other House in Pittsburgh.

School Books

And Stationery, low at wholesale. Dealers and teachers supplied. Davis, Clarke & Co., No. 93 Wood street.

More Goods

At the Opera House Shoe Store, than any other two Retail Boot and Shoe Houses in Pittsburgh.

At Wholesale and Retail.

British, French, Saxony and German Dress Goods, at J. W. Barker & Co., 59 Market street.

Musical Institute

At Beaver opens September 11th. E. Ambuhl, Principal. Address R. T. TAYLOR.

Mr. Gardiner

Spends a great portion of his time in the Boot and Shoe market, and buys up all great bargains for his Opera House Shoe Store.

Buy's For Cash

And sells for cash, consequently derive many dvantages which are offered to our customers, at the opera House Shoe Store.

At Wholesale

And retail, Dry Goods of every kind at the lowest eastern prices, at J. W. Barker's & Co., 59 Market street.

Beaver Female Seminary.

Seventy to seventy-five dollars for all expenses for sixteen weeks. Opens September 11th. R. T. TAYLOR.

Flannels

At wholesale and retail. Plain and Barred Blankets, Checks and Ticks, at J. W. Barker's, & Co., 59 Market street.

Beaver Academy

Boarding School, for boys, opens September 10th. $70 to 75 for all expenses—sixteen weeks. R. T. TAYLOR.

Country Merchants,

Get prices at McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, before you purchase Patent Medicines or Perfumery elsewhere.

School Books.

Text Books for the University, High School, Female College, ward schools, and private schools, for sale at low prices. Davis, Clarke & Co., 93 Wood street.

Country Merchants

Will find special inducements in Patent Medicines and Perfumery, at McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, 85 Market street, corner of Diamond, near Fifth street.

Country Merchants.

Remember that no house in the city will sell Patent Medicines or Perfumery as low as McClarran & McKennan, Druggists, 85 Market street, corner of Diamond, near Fifth.

Allsop's London Ale. Jeffrey's Edinburg Ale, Byass' London Brown Stout.

The above very excellent articles are acknowledged to be the finest brands in the market. As a tonic or invigorator they are decidedly far superior to any of the mixtures known as bitters. You can get the above brands only at McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, 85 Market street, near Fifth.

Purest and Sweetest

Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh selected livers on the sea coast. This oil is characterized by a sweetness and purity peculiar to it alone. Its reputation is so great that it takes the lead of other oils, and is universally prescribed by physicians. Remember to ask for Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.

CASWELL, MACK & CO., New York,
Sole Manufacturers.

For sale at wholesale in Pittsburgh by R. E. Sellers & Co. At retail by all Druggists.
may27:Fd&wtm

Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery.

The trustees and faculty of the above Medical College have issued "scholarships" at *seventy-five* dollars each, which entitles the holders to attend lectures until graduation or as many sessions as he wishes.

This renders a medical education cheaper than ever proposed by any University or College in this country or Europe, possessing the same extensive facilities.

There are sixteen Professors and every branch of Medicine and Surgery is thoroughly taught.

The student holding a "scholarship" can enter the college at any time during the lectures, attend as long as he wishes, and receive the Institution as frequently as desired.

Persons wishing to obtain scholarships can apply to L. Oldshue, M. D., Professor of Urinopathology in the above-mentioned College.

His office and residence is No. 132 Grant street, Pittsburgh Pa.

Spread the Truth!

Some medical men insist that it is undignified to advertise a remedy, however valuable it may be. Queer reasoning this. It is like saying that an article which the world needs should be hid in a corner—that benefits and blessings may be too widely diffused—that the means of protecting and restoring health would be a close monopoly and not accessible to all. The argument is bad. It is worse than that: it is *inhuman*. Suppose HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS—an absolute specific for dyspepsia, biliousness and nervous disability—had never been known beyond the *repertoire* of the faculty, what would have been the consequence? Instead of curing and invigorating millions, the good effects of the preparation would have been confined to a comparative few. There is the highest authority for saying that light should not be hid under a bushel; that whatever is excellent should be placed as a city on a hill, where all men can take cognizance of it. It is upon this principle that the BITTERS are advertised, and continue to be advertised in every newspaper of any prominence in the western hemisphere, and that the spontaneous testimonials in its favor have been translated into all written languages. Thousands enjoy perfect health to-day who would be languishing on beds of sickness if the newspapers had not *spread the truth with regard to this unequalled invigorant and corrective*, and thus, I suppose profit *has been* reaped from this publicity. Is *that* any argument against it? If the public health has been protected, if lives have been saved; if the feeble have been strengthened, if the sick have been restored, *great good has been accomplished*; and who so mean as to grudge to exertions thus directed their fair reward?

Hostetter's Bitters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, near Fourth street.

The Maine Election.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 13.—The Kennebec *Journal*, of this morning, has official returns from three hundred and eighteen towns, cities and plantations, which gave Chamberlain 61,811, Pillsbury 55,924. Chamberlain's majority thus far is 25,887. The same towns last year gave Cony 46,787, Howard 29,000, Cony's majority, 19,895. The net Union gain in these towns is 34,892. Aggregate vote 97,197, against 75,682 last year—increase 24,291. The remaining towns in the State gave Cony last year 7,544 votes, and Howard 4,630 votes. Estimating the vote of these by such returns as we have, they will give Chamberlain 9,950, Pillsbury 6,176, and will make the aggregate vote 29,076. The *Journal* thinks the result will probably not be far below the figure. If the aggregate vote in the remaining towns hold out the poll will reach 134,272. Gen. Chamberlain has received the largest vote ever polled for any man in the State of Maine.

Probable Change in the French Mission —General Baird in Washington—Surgeon General Barnes.

PHILADELPHIA, September 13 ... spatches from Washington say there are ... ors of a probable change in the French ... at an early day, purely on the principle ... That the present representative, J. ... Bigelow, has prostituted himself an abo... and capable minister, none will deny, but as he does not cordially approve the Executive policy, a minister must be found who will. H. J. Raymond is named as the successor.

General Baird, recently relieved from duty as Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, has arrived in Washington.

The WASHINGTON *Chronicle* has received a telegram that Surgeon General Barnes is now considered out of danger.

The Cholera.

NEW YORK, September 13.—Seven cases of cholera were reported in the city to-day, and only one in Brooklyn.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON THIRD PAGE.)

Our Latest Telegrams are Published To-day upon our Fourth Page.

Yesterday.

Considering the high state of excitement that prevailed yesterday and last evening, and the amount of turbulence manifested, there were remarkably few disturbances of a serious nature. The crowd, with all its turbulence and varied clamor, did not seem to be at all vicious. They appeared to consider the whole matter rather as a big joke than anything else, and when they had silenced Mr. Johnson and had brought Grant and Farragut from the "black seats" to the front, they considered their mission accomplished and went their way. There was a little more drunkenness than usual, it is true, but there were no serious fights, and apparently no disposition to do anything more outrageous than to make a big noise.

Neither did we learn of any serious accidents amidst all the tumult. One woman in the dense crowd by the St. Charles fainted and was removed with considerable difficulty, and another fell down and was well nigh trodden under foot, her clothes being almost entirely torn from her person ere she could be rescued from her perilous situation. Aside from these we heard of no mishaps.

The Far Northwest.

The valley of the Upper Columbia will soon be the seat of busy civilized life and enterprise. A letter from Mr. Edward Copley, the date of August 12, 1866, we make the following extract, merely promising that the writer, who is known to many of our readers, resides on that river where it breaks through the Cascade mountains, and has been for several years connected with the Upper Columbia S. B. Navigation Company. He says:

"The trade and travel on this river is improving. Hundreds of tons of freight for the Blackfoot country have passed up the last month. Heretofore there was but little for these mines; but now that the roads are opened, and the trade started, the greater part of the supplies from that country will pass this way.

"New discoveries of gold are still being made in the Boise and Owyhee country, and it will not be long until Idaho surpasses California in the amount of her precious metals.

"Great quantities of coal have been discovered back of Vancouver, which, it is said, yields $4 per ton, which would pay well there. [Vancouver is on the north side of the Columbia, in Washington Territory, and is the most thickly settled part of Oregon.] This was discovered some six months ago, and many tests that have been made with a very uniform result. If the testing be true, this will be a great thing for the country around Vancouver, as the mines are inexhaustible. I have seen a little of the quartz. It is a lava, mixed with particles of quartz, and is unlike any other gold-bearing quartz known. This has set some to prospecting in the mountains here."

The Boldest Yet.

On Wednesday night, between eleven and twelve o'clock, a bold, and very near successful attempt was made by some miscreants, to burn the warehouse of Jonh Hall & Co.'s Plow Works, situated at the corner of Liberty and Hay streets. A young man, while passing the building at the time mentioned, observed an unusual light within, and he immediately ran into Hare's Hotel, and informed Chief Engineer John H. Hare, of the fact. The young man, in company with the Chief, hastened back to the store, and burst open the doors, when they discovered a barrel of turpentine varnish on fire, which they quickly rolled into the street to prevent the fire from communicating to the building. The fire department was promptly on hand, but their services were not required. Had the flames, after the oil had piled some chips and small pine, together, and placed them between the barrel of turpentine and some plows, and then set fire to them, as was the intention of the party he had, with a chisel, cut a hole through the staves of the barrel, and rolled it so that when the varnish became melted by the heat, it would run out. Had the flames, after the occurrence took place at a later hour, reached such an immense conflagration would have been the result.

Too much credit cannot be bestowed upon Chief Hare and his assistants, for their prompt and energetic action, by which a fearful fire was escaped.

Last Burial of Mrs. D. O'Neill.

We are in the receipt of a private letter from our friend D. O'Neill, Esq., editor of the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*, bearing date London, August 29th. The numerous friends of the gentleman here will be pleased to learn that he is in the enjoyment of unusually good health, and will, ere long, set his face homewards. We feel that we do not invade the privacy of his letter by stating that the remains of his dearly beloved and much lamented wife were finally deposited in their last resting place on the 15th ultimo. An immense concourse of citizens and the friends of her childhood followed the remains to the last resting place. She was buried between two near and dear relatives of her bereaved husband, in the quiet churchyard of Chapel, County Wexford, Ireland. It was the wish of her to sleep the calm sleep of death near the home of her childhood, and now, as her desire of life is accomplished in death, we pray that her rest may be calm, and that the bright morning day may dawn upon a resurrecting world.

A sad and singular coincidence forced itself upon the mind of Mr. O'Neill as he reached the home of her parents with the lifeless remains of his wife. In 1850, exactly when he brought Mrs. O'Neill to this city a bride, on the same day of the same month, at the same hour, Mrs. O'Neill crossed the threshold of her old home with the corpse of his wife.

Fort Pitt Boiler, Still and Tank Works.

We were much interested by a visit to this fine establishment, situated between Second and Third streets, with an extensive wing on each. The principal front and office are on short st eet, at its intersection with Liberty. In the extensive court or yard in the rear of the buildings we found the workmen engaged on an oil tank of forty feet diameter. This immense receptacle for oil is small compared with some here of ore built by this firm. It is a common thing with them to turn out an iron tank of five to eight thousand barrels capacity. What seemed marvelous to us was that the facilities they afford refineries, and eminent oil merchants and refiners, that can build of five or six thousand barrels, each filled for months with oil, "had not leaked a drop," thus defying the severe and skill of the manufacturer. Besides the tanks, however, this firm is busy with orders for stills, settling pans, condensers, agitators, cylinder and tubular boilers, gasometers, prison doors, iron bedsteads, &c., &c. Great care is observed in the selection of iron, none but tried and skilful workmen are employed. This well known circumspection of the proprietors accounts for the success of their business, and will not fail to oblige them ere long still more to enlarge their works.

Mass Meeting at West Newton.

Some two or three thousand Republicans met in mass meeting at West Newton on Wednesday. A procession was formed, and several party banners, with appropriate mottoes, displayed. A meeting was organized, with the following officers:

President—Dr. Lindley, of Connellsville.

Vice Presidents—John Snodgrass, General John Mc. Clelland, Colonel R. B. Oliver, Dr. David Porter, Mr. Briggs, Colonel Jas. Graham, Colonel Joseph Budd, C. Overholt, William Bravo, Thomas Patterson, Benjamin Winebaker, William Davis, Adam Foree.

Secretaries—Captain Frank Kreps, Captain Caleb Greenawalt, John Wentling, D. S. Atkinson, R. H. Hull.

Colonel McClure was the first speaker introduced. He spoke at some length of Governor Cowan's political acts and the character of the August Philadelphia Convention. He was followed by Prof. Miller, of Rochester, N. Y., Hon. T. J. Bigham, and others. Several speakers were well received, and the audience manifested much enthusiasm.

Death of an Old Police Officer.—At about

eight o'clock on Wednesday evening, Mr. Bernard Dougherty, an old and well known member of the Pittsburgh Police Department, died suddenly of apoplexy at his residence on Pride street, in the Sixth ward. Yesterday morning, in his usual health, he met the late Coroner Clawson and a verdict in accordance with the facts rendered. As an officer and a citizen Mr. Dougherty was generally recognized as an upright, consistent man. He was also, while he was a most efficient policeman, brave and unflinching—always at his post and ready to do his duty fearlessly. The deceased was fifty-six years of age and has been on the force for about twenty-six years. His wife died several years since, and his death leaves six children orphans.

Not to be Cast.—The great twenty inch

gun which was to have been cast at the Fort Pitt Works to-day, in the presence of the visiting party, cannot be cast, as in pouring the great flask into the pit, yesterday morning, one of the great chains broke and precipitated the flask to the bottom, in a manner somewhat too emphatic. Owing to this accident—which, no amount of skill could have foreseen or guarded against—the casting of the gun will be delayed for some time. A small gun will be cast to-day, and it is probable that a portion of the party will be present.

Painful and Probably Fatal Accident.

Mrs. Johnson, a widow lady, formerly residing in Birmingham, met with a terrible accident, a few days ago, which will probably cause her death. For some time past she has been on a visit to her mother, at Scotch settlement, near Wellsville, and in carrying a kerosene lamp from one room to another, it exploded, and the contents were thrown over her person. Before the flames could be extinguished she was so shockingly burned that her life is despaired of.

Fatal Accident.—The New Castle train

coming to the city, last evening, run over and killed a man named Caruthers, at Baden Station. The same train run into a carriage and killed two horses, vehicle and occupants over an embankment. We did not learn the particulars.

Visited the Opera House.—General Custar and lady, with several other distinguished

personages of the Presidential party, visited the Opera House last evening at the invitation of Manager [illegible] was the only house in the ci[illegible]

I. JOHNSON IN PITTSBURGH.

Grand Turn Out.

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

The President Tries to Speak.

THE CROWD REFUSE TO HEAR HIM.

"They Have Read Enough of Him."

"MY POLICY" WON'T WIN.

Grant and Farragut Welcomed.

BANQUET AT THE ST. CHARLES.

Verbatim Report of Johnson's Speech.

Yesterday, the day long expected, came and went in the midst of great excitement. The preparations for the visit of Andrew Johnson and his party had been made on a large scale, and as a mere exhibition the event was looked for with no little interest. Moreover, the visit, and the manner in which it would be received, were looked upon as being, in a great measure, the settlement of the question as to how many and how strong converts "my policy" had made in this city and vicinity. Accordingly, considerable excitement prevailed throughout the city, even during the early part of the day, and as the time for the arrival drew near, the expectation became feverish, not from a desire to see Andy Johnson, but from a desire to see "how it would end."

In company with a number of the Reception Committee appointed to receive the distinguished party, we left the Union Depot yesterday morning at eleven o'clock on a special train on the Pan Handle road, for Steubenville. The morning was bright and beautiful, and as the route had been well laid out, it is emerald verdure and through pleasant vales dotted here and there with white cottages and brown substantial farm houses, with groups of cows and sheep feeding on the hill sides, formed from time to time a most delightful panorama. We were just congratulating ourselves that the trip was well calculated to call forth the latent admiration in man for nature.

ALMOST A COLLISION.

When about midway between this city and Steubenville, there was a sharp shriek of "down brake," from the locomotive, and in an incredibly short space of time the rear car of the iron monster was checked. But not a whit too soon, for within a few feds of where we were standing a coal train was passing on a track which but for our sudden stop would have collided with ours. After mutual thanksgivings for our escape and considerable talk among the train officials, it was determined that our train should return to the last station, nine miles to a switch, where we remained until the coal train passed. No further interruption occurred, and just as the dial on the Town Hall in Steubenville indicated half-past two o'clock, we arrived in that beautiful and growing city.

SO SAY THE PAPERS.

There was considerable commotion in the city when we arrived, and a great many people were out in the streets, but save this there were no preparations to receive the distinguished visitors, and everything impressed the people were as indifferent air, that most of them would have passed among to the friends of Mr. Johnson, would have answered to get up a demonstration in his favor.

THEY COME.

A succession of short quick strokes from an invisible engine, and loud cries of "They are coming," "They are coming," from a knot of boys near the station, announced the arrival of the entire poplace in that direction, and the next instant the train bearing the Presidential party came thundering along. It was greeted by a few cheers, and when the rear car of the train ceased, General Grant, in answer to repeated shouts for him appeared on the rear platform, and simply bowing his acknowledgments, he retired, amidst tremendous cheering and cries of "[illegible]

Admiral Farragut was next introduced to the crowd, and he like Grant, was treated to the plaudits of the assembled throng, which numbered somewhat over a thousand.

The President next stepped forward and was also introduced to the assemblage by General Grant, and he said he was happy to introduce to you the chief magistrate of the nation, Andrew Johnson.

While Mr. Johnson was bowing there was a perfect stillness, but when he attempted to speak there was a universal cry of "Hats off," "Take off your hats," and a general removal of hats followed.

A REPORTER INSULTED.

Just as the train was about moving off, a be-whiskered shoulder strapped fellow, named McCallum, travelling in the capacity of *aide* to the President, accosted several reporters of the Press, in a brusque insolent and ungentlemanly manner, ordered them to leave the car. They quietly informed him that they had come down on an invitation from the Chairman of the reception Committee, and that being the case of that Committee, and of course had a right to be with the party. This explanation seemed only to irritate the fellow, who by his uncouth swagger showed that he was determined to exercise his brief authority to the utmost, and again he ordered the reporters off the train, adding, "They don't want any reporters with them." In obedience to the orders of the military valet, the reporters, with the committee containing the President party, into the next, but here too, were they followed by this bull-headed, who again impertinently and unwillingly ordered them off. They could not return to this city on that train, to add force to his remarks he placed his hands upon the shoulders of one of the gentlemen and attempted to push him off the platform. At length a couple of the Reception Committee interfered in behalf of the gentlemen of the pencil and note book, and after considerable coaxing and cajoling, the fellow was so far conciliated as to permit the members of the Press to occupy the front car, a position which circumstances forced them to accept. We have had some experience with men during the brief course of our existence, but never yet have we met a man possessed of so little refinement, good breeding or culture as this boor who accompanies the visiting party.

THE TOURISTS.

When we were fairly under way on our return, we passed through the three cars that composed the train, on a tour of inspection. We found the middle car, stretched at full length, lay Secretary Seward, his head propped up by a number of pillows, so that he might be able to have a view from the windows. His face was of a deathly pallor, terribly emaciated, and he looked as though one would feel no loss should he pass away. Near him sat Admiral Farragut, and he like Grant, was ready to greet the people with a cheer. Next to the Admiral sat Gen. Custar, and his wife, and in the next car sat Mr. Johnson surrounded by quite a number of notables, including Gen. Geo. Cadwalader, son Custar and lady, Admiral Farragut, and Gen. Grant, with the Reception Committee from this city. Gen. Grant seceded from the party in the rear car, and was taking a seat in the front car with some fellow citizens, when he found himself by smoking during the entire time occupied in the journey.

INCIDENTS ALONG THE ROAD.

There was no demonstration along the route worthy of notice, save at Corbettstown, Washington county, where a large crowd, headed by a brass band, and carrying two very pretty silk flags, surrounded the rear car on the arrival of the train, and shouted loudly for the President.

After a pause of several minutes, Mr. Johnson came into the rear platform and bowed to the crowd, who continued to cheer him. When the cheering had ceased, Col. Quigley, a gentleman named Dr. Bradley, welcomed the President and his party in a few pertinent remarks, which were replied to by Mr. Johnson, in his usual style. He made up his address by astonishing them to be true to their country, and stand by the flag and the Constitution.

At Noblestown, some half dozen men running from work, greeted the President in a gruff way, on the platform as he came to meet the workingmen at all times, and cordially shook each by the hand. At Mansfield, a crowd of twenty had met to feast their eyes upon the features, but through timidity or something else, they refused to come within fifty feet of the station, and satisfied their curiosity by idly looking on, expressing neither approbation, or disgust—but simply stoical indifference.

An old man named McCabe, shook hands with the President at a little station where the train stopped for a minute, and in doing so, remarked that he "honored the day he shook hands with Washington in 1803. As Washington died four years prior to that date, we suppose the old gentlemans story is a hoax.

THE ARRIVAL AT THE UNION DEPOT.

As the train approached the suburbs of the city it was greeted by cheers and exclamations of all sorts; from knots of men, women and children who were assembled at every point where a good view of the train and its inmates could be had. On entering the city proper the crowds became larger and denser, and at length a perfect human wall was formed on either side of the track, from which went up one continued tumult of cheers, calls and war whoops.

At last the Union Depot was reached and the distinguished tourists alighted and proceeded through the interior of the Dep[illegible] to the west end, where the escort, consisting of a battalion of regulars from the Arsenal, a respectable delegation of firemen in costume and a number of private carriages, were drawn up to receive them. After a great deal of trouble spent in arranging the procession, it moved off in the following order: First, a military escort, preceded by a brass band; then an open chaise, containing Mr. Johnson, Hon. Robert McKnight and Gen. McCallum. Immediately after came another chaise, in which sat Admiral Farragut, General Custar and another military gentleman, whose name we were unable to ascertain. Then came the Committee of Reception in carriages hung with Japanese lanterns, and immediately after followed the Firemen, their apparatus decorated very handsomely and each one bearing a Japanese light. The rear of the procession was made up of a few political clubs, who carried transparencies, some of which was written "Johnson, Grant and Farragut," and on another "Johnson National Union Club."

The procession, in point of numbers and character, was very respectable, and due credit to those who engineered the arrangements.

ON THE MARCH.

All along the route laid down for the procession the throngs were immense. Doors, windows, the pavements, the streets, and even the house-tops, were crowded with excited people. Not since Grant's first visit to our city has so much excitement been manifested. On Penn and Fifth street the throng was particularly dense, it being almost impossible to force a passage through it at times. Men, women and children surged, and swayed and shouted in all directions.

One thing was noticeable. The carriage containing Mr. Johnson was frequently permitted to pass almost unnoticed, or received with only scattering cheers, while the carriage in which Grant and Farragut rode, was greeted with the wildest enthusiasm, storms of huzzas resounding, hats waving and handkerchiefs fluttering from the sidewalks, the windows, and from the housetops. On every hand it was apparent that with the attraction of those two illustrious men, the procession would have been comparatively meagre in point of numbers, and unattacked by enthusiasm.

DECORATIONS.

The decorations along the line of march were not numerous. But few buildings, except the Government offices and the offices of the Consuls, were draped, but the streets were lined in any way. The buildings mentioned were quite handsomely decorated with flags and colored Chinese lanterns. At various points devices, suggestive of welcoming but "Welcome," were displayed. For instance, on a building of the *Dispatch* had stretched across the street a broad banner with the inscription "Welcome, Welcome, Welcome the Undefiled." Traitors must be punished, to the words of Reconstruction. Traitors must take back seats. A. Johnson." And from the upper story of the Custom House, on Fifth street, depended a streamer inscribed with the following query: "Have you heard the news from Maine, the North end of the Line?" Other similar devices were displayed in different places.

THE HOTEL.

The published line of route was departed from in carrying the procession to the succession not visiting Allegheny at all, a fact that caused no little disappointment and disgust to the people of that city, as considerable expense had been incurred by the authorities in preparing for the visit. Instead of carrying out the full programme, the procession moved almost directly to the St. Charles Hotel.

Here the crowd was immense, densely dense, and was receiving each moment large accessions, and by the time the party had alighted, the whole of Wood street from alley to alley, and Fifth street from Wood to Smithfield, and for a square on the other, was densely packed with a swaying crowd of men and boys, and even women. The crowd even extended for a considerable distance up and down Second and Third streets.

After some delay the party, headed by Mr. Johnson, and escorted by the committee of reception, appeared on the platform, which was reached through the St. Charles parlors. They were received with a storm of cheers and cries, the confusion momentarily increasing to an absolute babel. Mr. Johnson was escorted to the front of the platform, his plug form, General Grant and Admiral Farragut standing on his left and a little in the rear. Secretary Seward did not appear, being confined to his bed by severe indisposition.

After much confusion, during the which almost inaudible, Robt. McKnight, Esq., introduced Mr. Johnson to Hon. Wilson McCandless, who was to make the welcoming address. Judge McCandless then came forward, and in his usual happy style, welcomed the President, but it was impossible to hear a word of it, or even to see his face. He spoke as follows:

THE SPEECH OF WELCOME.

Judge McCandless—Mr. President I am requested by the Committee of Reception to welcome you to the city of Pittsburgh, and as follows:

Mr. President—The city of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, distinguished the world over for their loyal devotion to the Union and the Constitution, have decided to receive you in a manner befitting the occasion. The People, without distinction of party, in Town Meeting assembled, have requested that the corporate authorities of the two cities should tender you the hospitalities of the municipalities. To this request, the latter have responded only to Washington in the affection of the American people.

[illegible] Mr. Johnson stated that General Grant had left Washington at his request to meet him and that would thank you gentlemen."

No. 2. *Secretary Seward*—A national bulwark against the encroachments of foreign nations.

MR. SEWARD'S SPEECH.

Hon. Robert McKnight, in response said: Mr. President I am taken by surprise at being called upon to answer to the toast to the Secretary of State, and I feel myself highly honored in being thus called upon. Mr. Seward is truly one of the great men of the land. I have since the death of Daniel Webster we have never had a greater statesman than Seward. I have watched him earnestly throughout his career and believe that he is the most wise and more sagacious, far-seeing statesman we have not in our country. Permit me to say that when I see a recent press remark that we have an imbecile at the head of the national government, Andrew Johnson, or words to that effect, Seward—that they would prove recreant to the principles for which they have become famous, I have felt indignant at the injustice done him. When I looked on his seat in the senate chamber at the breaking out of the rebellion and I heard the burly Toombs and the inoffending Davis, and the ingenious Slidell, denouncing and abusing Andrew Johnson for speaking so manfully for the Union and Constitution, I could never believe that he would prove recreant to the principles for which he had so nobly and faithfully contended. Some time after debates Mr. Seward sat to the right of the door and Senator Wigfall who proceed his seat to about four feet from him where he could look him full in the face and he did, but he could not be disturbed by all the threats of Wigfall, Davis and Toombs, and can I believe that that man, the author of the Emancipation Proclamation, can be expected in the hour of our triumph to have deserted his principles! Never, never. I know Mr. Seward, and I regret that he has been so much misrepresented. I regret, too, that Mr. Seward desired to speak here and I regret very much his inability to do so. In conclusion I would say we welcome you as individuals, we welcome you as the Chief Magistrate of the United States, and with the President, Grant and Farragut all representative men, and we take you to our hearts with hooks of steel. (Applause)

No. 3. *Gideon Welles*—Secretary of the Navy. He made the Navy the pride and boast of our country but the terror of the world.

Mr. Welles arose and stated that he had no speech to make in response to this high compliment, but could say a few words in behalf of the States and the rights of the States; they cannot be sustained by secession on the one hand or exclusion on the other. (Applause.) No respect.

FARRAGUT'S SPEECH.

No. 4. *Admiral Farragut*.—Who, with American ships and Pittsburgh guns can whip all the world.

Admiral Farragut arose to respond and was called upon to "face the crowd." He good humoredly said, "I like to face enemies, not friends" (laughter,) and proceeded to speak as follows:

I would say gentlemen, like the honorable secretary, that I do not intend to make a speech, but I will say that I feel that I have been complimented as having done its duty, armed with the guns of Pittsburgh and ironclad armors. I trust will always prove true to the country, and be ready to meet our foes on the land or on the water, whether we have iron or wooden ships, and we will endeavor at the same time to do justice to your Pittsburgh iron, and your Pittsburgh guns. (Applause.)

Judge McCandless—"An admirable speech from an Admiral." (Laughter.) The Committee of Arrangements have limited me to ten minutes, and that time has been given, but there is one that I will give on my own responsibility, and that is "The Constitution and the Union."

[illegible] for Johnson.) Three cheers were now proposed and given with a hearty will for President Johnson, who arose to his feet and acknowledged the compliment.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S SPEECH.

Mr. President and Gentlemen—I meant what I said when I was alluded to before that it was not my intention to make a speech upon this occasion, but I consider my duties for the cordial manner in which I have been received, but the sentiment just proposed by the President of the Constitution and the Union is one that is so dear to me that when I am called upon to speak I will speak with my train. At this peculiar time it is a subject and a sentiment that ought to be considered and ought to be responded to by every one who calls himself a patriot and a lover of his kind. With the constitution we can have a government, with the constitution we can have a Union. The one inseparable from the other. Expected in the hour of our triumph to have deserted his principles! Never, never. I honor Mr. Seward, and I regret that he has been so much misrepresented. I regret, too, that Mr. Seward desired to speak here and I regret very much his inability to do so. In conclusion I would say we welcome you as individuals, we welcome you as the Chief Magistrate of the United States, and with the President, Grant and Farragut all representative men, and we take you to our hearts with hooks of steel. (Applause.)

No. 5.

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FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1866.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY

CONGRESS,

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT:

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT

HON. THOMAS WILLIAMS.

SHERIFF:

SAMUEL B. CULLEY, City.

CLERK OF COURTS:

JOHN G. BROWN, Hampton Tp.

CLERK OF ORPHANS COURT:

ALEXANDER HILANDS, City.

RECORDER:

HENRY SNIVELY, City.

REGISTER:

JOSEPH H. GRAY, Plum Tp.

COMMISSIONER:

GEORGE HAMILTON, City

DIRECTOR OF POOR:

JOHN F. DRAVO, Mifflin Tp.

AUDITOR:

JOHN PORTER GLASS, City.

GEORGE WILSON, Pine Tp.

GEORGE Y. McKEE, North Fayette Tp.

SAMUEL CHADWICK, Collins Tp.

WILLIAM PETER, Ross Tp.

R. A. COLVILLE, City.

THE ISSUE PLAINLY STATED.

The Conservatives labor to create the impression that the radicals are opposed to the speedy restoration of the revolted States to their old places in the circle of the Union. President JOHNSON, Secretary SEWARD and a good many newspapers expend a vast amount of turgid rhetoric to this end. The facts so obviously point in the opposite direction that we are constrained to conclude these distinguished gentlemen, and those newspapers do not believe what they affirm on this head.

Congress has laid down the conditions on which it will consent to the restoration of the rebel States. These conditions are embodied in a formal proposition to amend the Constitution in certain particulars. Not one of these conclusions look to the exclusion, for any period, long or short, of the revolted States, from full and equal participation with the loyal States in the control of the government. The understanding is, that so soon as any one of the eleven seceding States shall ratify this amendment its delegations shall be promptly admitted to seats in the Senate and House of Representatives. One of the eleven, Tennessee, did ratify this amendment, and its Senators and Representatives were promptly sworn in. No reason exists for believing the same rule will not be applied to the remaining ten. These ten States, or any of them, can take places in Congress at the opening of the next session, if they desire to, by following the example of Tennessee; and this is certainly as early as the adoption of the President's Policy can possibly get them in.

The actual point in controversy, then, is not the precise or relative time when the other States shall be restored, but the conditions exacted as precedent to restoration.

Congress insists on the incorporation of four new stipulations into the organic law—1. That all persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, shall be accounted citizens, and that no State shall make laws to abridge the privileges or immunities of any citizen in respect to life, liberty or property. 2. That representation shall be apportioned, not according to population, but according to the number of voters. 3. That no person shall be a member of either branch or Congress, or a Presidential elector, or hold any office whatever under the United States, who had previously, as an officeholder under the general or any state government, taken an oath to bear true allegiance to the Union, and then violated it, by embarking in the rebellion; and, 4. That the public debt of the United States, including debts incurred for payment of bounties and pensions for services in suppressing the rebellion, shall not be impaired; and that neither the United States nor any one of the States shall assume to pay any debt contracted in support of the rebellion, or to indemnify for the loss of slaves emancipated.

The President's Policy declares each and all of these stipulations to be wrong, and maintains that the revolted States shall come back without conditions, and without any changes whatever in the Constitution designed to operate as guarantees for the future.

When, therefore, the President, or any body else, charges that Congress or the Republican party are disunionists, in any sense as implying opposition to the complete and prompt restoration of all the States, and to equal authority, he or they deliberately falsify. The question at issue is—shall the Union be restored? All are agreed on that head. The only open question relates to conditions. On that question the President has gone squarely over to the rebels and sympathisers with them, and declares that no condition whatever shall be prescribed or enforced. The Republicans, having fought the war to a successful conclusion, are resolved that such terms shall be assented to as will guard against trouble in time to come, as will protect the just rights of the emancipated bondmen, and secure beyond all peradventure the national credit. This is the length and breadth of the case.

THOS. JEFFERSON'S MODESTY.

In 1807, while Mr. JEFFERSON was President of the United States, his friends of the Northern States urged him earnestly to make a tour through those States, so that they might see him and pay him their respects. Governor MIFFLIN, of Pennsylvania, on behalf of his State, wrote to him, inviting him to come. In his reply Mr. JEFFERSON said:

"With respect to the tour my friends of the North have proposed that I should make in that quarter, I have not made up a final opinion. The course of life which General Washington had run, civil and military, the services he had rendered, and the space he therefore occupied in the affections of his fellow-citizens, take from his examples the weight of precedent for others, because no others can arrogate to themselves the claims which he had on the public homage. To myself, therefore, it comes as a new question, to be viewed under all the phases it may present. *I confess I am not reconciled to the idea of a Chief Magistrate parading himself through the several States as an object of public gaze and in quest of an applause which, to be valuable, should be purely voluntary.* I had rather acquire silent good will by a faithful discharge of my duties *than owe expressions of it to my putting myself in the way of receiving them.*"—Vol. 8, p. 101-2, Jefferson's Works.

Mr. JEFFERSON, however, was not so great a man as "this humble individual," who is now perambulating the country "in painful search of what he cannot find." Mr. JEFFERSON thought that applause gained by running after it was good for nothing; but we have a man now who is not troubled with any such squeamish notions.

NO PLACE FOR AN AUTOCRAT.

WASHINGTON, in his Farewell Address, makes this profoundly wise remark: "*Where the structure of government rests upon public opinion, it is essential that public opinion should be enlightened.*" The truth of this aphorism is so apparent that it needs only to be stated to meet with general acceptation.

Public opinion in this country is enlightened. Our multitudinous free schools, and the vast issues from our almost countless presses, have not exerted their powers in vain. The Americans are the most reading and thinking people on the globe, and it is more emphatically true of them than of any other people, that "many run to and fro, and knowledge is increased." But amid this sea of knowledge, and these strong gales of popular opinion, as free and sometimes as fierce as the winds of heaven, the Bible is at once their Anchor and their Compass.

This knowledge, which is power, enabled this country to outride the most furious tempest through which any government ever passed in safety. That was one test of its vitality and strength. Just as it had got through, and was furling its sails, its noble commander and pilot fell under the hand of an assassin. This was a still severer test, but our Ship of State stood it gloriously, and moved on its majestic way, bearing its priceless cargo. Then came the third and most severe trial of all. The new commander proved treacherous to his trust, and labored with all the authority and power with which he was invested to turn the noble vessel back into the same perils from which it had just escaped. But such was the impulse which its gallant crew had given it in the right direction, that all his efforts to do so proved abortive. He caused some confusion, some alarm, but that was all.

Would you know how it is going forward on the right track, hear the thundering voice that comes from the farthest East—from Vermont and Maine. That great shout tells us where we are. It was the privilege of these gallant States to speak first, and it is ours of Pennsylvania and other States to respond in a few days; and when we speak the whole world will be able to understand our latitude and longitude, and to know that the good ship is safe. Then the palzied hand of our false pilot will relax its grip of the wheel, and better men will direct its course.

In some countries, less enlightened than this, men can successfully play the autocrat. ANDREW JOHNSON, reared in one of our darkest corners, and knowing no power higher than that of coarse, fierce, untrained passions—imagined that he could do it. But if he is not yet beginning to see, he will soon begin, that in this he has made a most egregious blunder. The fact is, no man is able to play that part in this country. It cannot be done; and there is no man who has sense enough to make a formidable attempt to do so, but has too much sagacity to undertake so impracticable an enterprise.

There severe trials, however, are wholesome, for they call forth and put into lively exercise the popular virtues of love of country, devotion to freedom, and fidelity to right principles. We have seen a noble army of officers, who were chosen by LINCOLN, relinquishing their places of honor and emolument rather than abjure, at the bidding of any man, the principles for which they had nobly contended. This has been the general rule in this grand controversy. The exceptions are few and pitiable. But in a country, whose citizens turned soldiers, and fought and bled and died for it, could anything less be expected of the honest holders of its civil offices? Their conduct is noble, to be sure, but nothing more than right—nothing more than we might reasonably expect in such a nation as this.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Beverly Tucker is in Mexico.

—The Emperor of Austria is now 58 years old.

—General James P. Brownlow, of Tennessee, is in Washington.

—Atlanta, Ga., has raised a peach 10½ inches in circumference.

—800 soldiers have died of cholera in one of the Prussian hospitals.

—New England has manufactured $90,000,000 worth of locomotives.

—Madame Jerome Bonaparte, of Baltimore, is writing her autobiography.

—Ex-Confederate General Joseph Wheeler is going to Houston, Texas, to live.

—Father Secchi, of the Roman College, has invented a new stellar spectroscope.

—The Ceylon pearl fisheries, once worth $1,000,000 a year, have become valueless.

—Gossip says Senator Sumner is going to marry Mrs. Russell Sturges, a rich widow.

—The grape crop in the Lake Erie vineyards will only reach a third of the average.

—Basil Duke, chief of staff to John Morgan, is writing the life of the great guerilla.

—A Rev. Samuel Riley has been arrested in Detroit for smuggling clothing from Canada.

—Judge Trigg, at Memphis, has continued the treason cases of Generals Forrest and Rucker.

—Dr. Collins, of Cincinnati, wrote a treatise on the cure of cholera and died of the disease.

—General McPherson's monument will be erected at West Point, instead of at Clyde, Ohio.

—The body of a white female soldier has been found in the Petersburg crater in good preservation.

—A marble statute of Alexander Hamilton, by Stone, is to be placed in the capitol at Washington.

—Brown University has had a memorial service in commemoration of the late President Wayland.

—The famous plumbago mine at Borrowdale, in Cumberlandshire, England, is becoming exhausted.

—The little ship Red-White-and-Blue, with its crew, is to be exhibited in the London Crystal Palace.

—Bishop Whittingham, of Maryland, has sailed for the south of France, hoping to restore his health.

—The Catholic colony of Milleray, near Dubuque, Iowa, is about to build a church at a cost of nearly $200,000.

—Six hundred colored persons have applied to the American Colonization Society for transportation to Africa.

—The next State and Congressional elections will be those in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Iowa—October.

—One hundred and fifty women are said to be employed as masons and hod-carriers on the new Opera House at Vienna.

—In Portland, last week, bricks and pieces of iron were taken from the ruins, over sixty days after the fire, almost too hot to handle.

—It is said that if the last severe shock of earthquake in San Francisco had lasted a few seconds longer, that city would have been a mass of ruins.

—A jury trial came off in Dutchess county, N. Y., the other day, on the theft of an egg, valued at two cents. We haven't learned the decision.

—Mr. Winans, of Baltimore, the great Russian railway contractor, entertained Fox and the American party in princely style in St. Petersburg.

—The harbor of Galveston, Texas, is fast closing up with sand. Light draft vessels now ground in the channel where there was formerly a depth of twenty feet.

—A suit has been brought against the Western Union Telegraph Company by a gentleman of Michigan, for detaining until it was too late to be of service, a message to him announcing the death of his son. He claims $10,000 damages.

—As surely as the rebel States should obtain representation unconditionally in Congress, would slavery be virtually re-established? Already Johnson's policy begins to make emancipation a farce. In Alabama, a few days ago, two negroes were sold into slavery for debts they had incurred before the war, amounting in all to $13. It is useless to attempt to explain away this slave-dealing into a milder punishment; for one of these freedmen was bought for $600 and the other for $700. Men do not spend such amounts of money without making the investment pay, and the selling of freedmen for petty debt, with this precedent, will, unless the government interfere, become common throughout the south.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

—Rev. H. Law, a pious and zealous Methodist Episcopal minister of St. Joseph county, Michigan, preached an earnest sermon of about twice the usual length of his customary efforts, and, at what was supposed to be the conclusion of his sermon, raised his hands and exclaimed, "May God bless this people!" He instantly sank to the floor and expired without a struggle or groan. He never had been subject to sudden attacks of any kind, and his death under such circumstances has startled all his friends. He leaves a wife and several children.

LIBERTY WHITE LEAD!
LIBERTY WHITE LEAD!
LIBERTY WHITE LEAD!

TRY IT. TRY IT. TRY IT. TRY IT.

Warranted to cover more surface, for same weight, than any other. Buy *the best*, it is *the cheapest*.
Liberty Lead is whiter than any other.
Liberty Lead *covers better* than any other.
Liberty Lead *wears longer* than any other.
Liberty Lead is *more economical* than any other.
Liberty Lead is *more fully and perfectly prepared* and is WARRANTED *to do more and better work, at a given cost*, than any other.

BUY THE BEST, IT IS THE CHEAPEST.
Sold at
JOS. FLEMING'S
Drug and Paint Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
se12 TF

A Beautiful Head of Hair!

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.
Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.
Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.
Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.
Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.
Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

The great Restorative and Dressing.

It will restore gray hair to its original color.
It will make the hair grow on bald heads.
It will restore the natural sensibility.
It will prevent the hair from falling out.
It will make the hair glossy and luxuriant.
It will prevent the hair from turning gray.
It will prevent all diseases of the scalp.
Sold by all Druggists.
R. P. HALL & CO., No. 114 SIXTH street, above Vine, Cincinnati, manufacturing druggists and dealers in toilet articles.
For sale by McCLARAN & McKEEHAN, 85 Market street, and GOSLIN, KELLY & CO., 77 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
se8:6md&NW

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

ONE SMALL ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE.—My ability to get a larger Engine at Butler, I offer to sell the ENGINE and BOILER now used by Wilder, Wood & Co., Rolling Mill, Pittsburgh. Engine 8 inch cylinder, 24 inch stroke; Boiler 20 feet long, 36 inch flue, in good repair.
Apply at
No. 70 LIBERTY STREET,
Near the German Catholic Church.
se13:3 TF

FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY.
Soldiers and Sailors of the 4th Ward, AT THE
HALL OF THE COLUMBIA ROW AND FARMER CO.
THIS (Friday) EVENING, 14th inst.,
BOYS IN BLUE.
TO CLAY MAKERS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING
se13:1

IRISH LINENS.
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Street
Have just opened a large assortment of
Irish Linen Goods,
se13:3

ANNUAL REUNION OF THE
SIXTY-SECOND REG. PENNA. VOLS.
ON FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 14th,
AT WILKINS HALL.
It is expected decidedly that NO PERSON will be admitted to this reunion unless accompanied BY A LADY, including 4 tickets each, one of the managers. No exception to this rule will be permitted.
se13:2

MILLINERY.
MRS. M. RITCHEA is now opening a splendid assortment of the most fashionable and elegant styles of
FALL MILLINERY GOODS, at No. 109 Federal street, Allegheny City.
se13:3

FALL MILLINERY GOODS.
J. D. BERND,
Fifth and Market Sts.,
UP STAIRS.
se13:3

PRIME SEED WHEAT.
JUST RECEIVED FROM THE STATE OF MICHIGAN a large lot of WHITE AND RED BEARDED WINTER WHEAT, raised with special reference to this locality, for Seed. Call at 396 Penn street, opposite Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pa.
se13:3 J. S. NEWMYER & CO.

A MEETING OF THE
BOYS IN BLUE,
of the FIRST WARD, ALLEGHENY, will be held at SIDDON'S HALL, on SATURDAY EVENING, sept. 15th, at 7½ o'clock. A full turn out is requested.
JAMES ROBINSON, Jr., Secretary. se13:3

NOTICE.—Came to the premises of the subscriber, on the last day of July, a SORREL MARE ATTACHED TO A BUGGY. The mare is about eleven years old. The owner can have the same by calling, paying charges and taking them away.
J. SPROUL, 167 federal street, (the old St. Lawrence Hotel.
se11:3

FOR SALE,
A REPUBLICAN ORGAN
(NEWSPAPER), in prosperous condition, in one of the best counties in Western Pennsylvania.
Enquire at
se3:3 THIS OFFICE.

PITTSBURGH AND OAKLAND GREENHOUSES.
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
(Successors to John Murgatroid, Jr.,)
NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS, Pittsburgh, Pa., solicit attention to their extensive stock of FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, EVERGREENS, GRAPE VINES AND GREENHOUSE PLANTS, Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Cars run to the premises every 10 minutes.
1y26:2TF

LOUIS BERGE & CO., Manufacturers of
Grand and Square Pianos.
Warerooms, 97 BLEECKER STREET, Second Block west from Broadway, NEW YORK.
The Pianos manufactured by this firm are unsurpassed for powerful, clear, brilliant and sympathetic tone, with elegant workmanship. Warrants and prices on application.
se10:6 MWF

J. W. FAHEY, having finished
No. 413 and 415 Liberty Street,
Opposite the Union Depot, will continue in the FLOUR, GRAIN AND FEED BUSINESS as usual. He has to rent four large and convenient STORE ROOMS, suitable for Office, Display or Sale of the above numbers.
se7:3

$10,000 TO INVEST.—$10,000 to invest in
BONDS AND MORTGAGES,
In sums of from $1,000 to $5,000, secured on Real Estate in Allegheny City, for two or three years, at 6 per cent.
se3

HALL AND ROOM.—An elegant panel room, suitable for a Lodge, in great style and order, to rent.
A. P. MARSHALL,
se1 57 Wood street.

FOR AUTUMN, 1866.
WALLPAPER,
Of the newest, cheapest and best. For sale by
W. P. MARSHALL,
se1 57 Wood Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)
Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
Foreign Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Coupons.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

"BOYS IN BLUE."

"RALLY ROUND THE FLAG."
A NATIONAL CONVENTION
OF THE
Soldiers and Sailors
WILL BE HELD AT
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
On Tuesday, September 25th, 1866.
All honorably discharged Soldiers and Sailors, who are opposed to reinstating rebels in power and who will

"VOTE AS THEY SHOT,"
Are invited to Attend. Mass Delegation of these battle-scarred heroes of the Army and Navy will be present from every State.
Turn out—march by Right, left in Battalion, and secure, ere it is too late, the fruits of your victory over the vet incorrect foe.

MAJOR GENERAL B. F. BUTLER
" " JOHN A. LOGAN,
" " N. P. BANKS,
" " J. L. CHAMBERLAIN,
" " R. C. SCHENCK,
" " J. A. GARFIELD,
" " A. E. BURNSIDE

And others will be present and address their late comrades. By order of
PRESIDENT COMMITTEE.
se11:2

Union Republican Meeting.
BOYS IN BLUE INVITED.
Saturday Evening, September 15th,
AT 7½ O'CLOCK.
COLONEL F. M. BAYNE,
JOSIAH COHEN, Esq., and
CAPTAIN SAMUEL HARPER,
Will address the meeting.
JOHN H. STEWART,
Chairman Committee on Meeting and Speakers.
E. A. MONTGOMERY, Secretary. se11:2

JOHN CROFT,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, No. 139 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh.
Has for sale the following Real Estate:
A beautiful new Frame Dwelling, highly finished, containing six rooms and wide hall, patio 16 by 36 feet, with two porches and marble mantles, out-building, &c., &c., well supplied with water, on 1 acre of ground. Parties buying the entire 3 acres, including the house, can have the stable, carriage house and patio for a bakery, at a reasonable price. Price $6,000, one third down; balance in five years, secured by bond and mortgage. Price of any 1 acre lot, $1,000. Terms, one-third cash; balance in one and two years, with interest annually, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.
Also a few more ACRE LOTS, adjoining the above, at $1,000 per acre, on the same terms as the above lots. The plan of these lots, and the nine acres all laid out above mentioned can be seen at this office.
A large amount of city and country property for sale, including two good Grocery Stands, one in Allegheny and one in Pittsburgh. Parties wishing to purchase, or to sell, or to rent, should find something to their advantage.
For further particulars, enquire of the above agent.
Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M., 1 to 5 P. M., and 7 to 9 in the evening. se12

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Northwest Corner of Penn & St. Clair Sts.
Desires to return thanks to his friends and the public for the many past favors, and respectfully solicits a share of their future patronage. He would be pleased to have them examine his
Large and Carefully Selected Stock
OF
Fine Woolen Goods,
Particularly adapted to
GENTLEMEN'S WEAR FOR FALL AND WINTER
se11:3m

EXECUTORS' SALE OF FARM AND COAL.
THE UNDERSIGNED, Executors of the will of JOHN MEANS, deceased, will offer for sale at Public Auction, on the premises,
September 26th, at 1 o'clock P.M.,
All that valuable FARM, situate in Mifflin Township, Allegheny county, adjoining lands of James H. Neel, James Irwin and others, containing about 106 acres, with coal underlying the whole tract.
This land is of the best quality, well watered and productive. The coal lies within a mile and a half of the Monongahela river. Is very valuable.
The improvements are a Stone and a Frame Dwelling, with Barn and other out buildings.
TERMS: one-third cash; balance in one and two years, with interest annually, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.
JAMES MEANS, Jr., } Executors.
DAVID M. WILSON, } Executors.
se12:17t-1w F near the premises

GREAT WESTERN
PLANING MILL,
Corner of Marbury Street and Duquesne Way,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Sash Doors, Blinds and Mouldings
MADE TO ORDER. Unfinished work is put in dry houses and finished when taken out. Florings, Weather Boarding, Laths and Shingles constantly on hand. Sawing, re-sawing and Scroll Sawing done with dispatch. Boxes of all kinds made to order.
au24:3 JOHN HEARD.

MARGARETTA WALKER versus DANIEL WALKER. No. 8, March Term, 1866, in the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County. The undersigned will proceed, pursuant to the order of said Court, to take testimony on part of plaintiff, at my office, No. 44 Fifth street, in the City of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, sept 22d, 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M., of which defendant will take notice.
ROBERT POLLOCK,
Commissioner.
se11:3t66

F. MUSSMANN,
Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,
GUNSMITH AND DEALER IN HARDWARE
First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully on short notice.
se10:6m

PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with me H. M. SNODGRASS in the Wholesale Drug Business, at 37 Wood street, Pittsburgh. The style of the firm to be GEO. A. KELLY & CO.
GEORGE A. KELLY.
se3 H. M. SNODGRASS.

GEORGE A. KELLY & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, No. 37 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa., dealer in Drugs, Chemicals, Essential Oils, Sponges, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye stuffs, Window Glass, Putty, &c. se3

JARED M. BRUSH,
MANUFACTURER OF
Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks, Sheet Iron Works, &c.
NO. 6 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
le20:d66-WF

22 ST. CLAIR STREET. 22
RUSSIA PEBBLE SPECTACLES.
SURVEYING INSTRUMENTS.
OPERA GLASSES, TELESCOPES.
STEREOSCOPES, MICROSCOPES.
COMBINATION HYDROMETERS.
(U. S. standard.)
THERMOMETERS, BAROMETERS, SACCHAROMETERS, &c. for sale at reasonable prices, by
J. DIAMOND Practical Opticians.
22 St. Clair street. 22
1y12

$9,00. WHO CAN BEAT THIS? $9,00.
For Two Weeks Only.
I am selling a good FRENCH CALF SKIN BOOT of my own make, for the small sum of NINE DOLLARS, at No. 36 Market street.
my29:d62 DANIEL REA, Jr.

JAMES H. RALPH,
ARCHITECT.
Prepares [illegible] DRAWINGS and SPECIFICATIONS for [illegible] of Buildings, and superintends the same, on reasonable terms.
Office on ANDERSON STREET, between Arch and [illegible] Streets, ALLEGHENY.
se26:d72

PURE CIDER VINEGAR—80 bbls. in store and for sale by
HAIAH DICKEY & CO.
se13

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FORT PITT
BOILER, STILL AND TANK
WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED, TUBULAR FIRE-BOX & CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS, OIL STILLS, AND OIL TANKS, CHIMNEYS, SETTLING PANS & SALT PANS, STEAM PIPES, ASH-PANS & IRON BRIDGES, CONDENSERS, PRISON DOORS, GASOMETERS, STEAM BOILERS.
Office and Works corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets.
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. se11:3m

ASSESSMENT.
NATURALIZATION.
NOTICE.
UNION REPUBLICANS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY are requested to call upon us or the undersigned, members of the Union Republican Naturalization Committee, to receive the ASSESSMENT OF VOTERS and the NATURALIZATION of such parties, aliens friendly to the UNION REPUBLICAN CAUSE as may be entitled to the same, when necessary information and assistance will be rendered.
It is expected that the Virginian Committee of the different election districts will take the necessary steps to enlist in their respective districts the proper assessment and naturalization of all parties friendly to the Union Republican cause, and the Union Voters throughout the county are also earnestly invited to aid the Union Committee in this work by reporting names, &c., &c.
The special attention of Virginian Committee and others is called to the fact that it is important in the different election districts to naturalize those entitled to naturalization ALL THE WAY UP TO AND INCLUDING THE FALL ELECTION. ALL THOSE WHO HAVE RESIDED WITHIN THE UNITED STATES TWO YEARS AND WHO WERE HONORABLY DISCHARGED SOLDIERS OR SAILORS OF THE ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES, are entitled to naturalization upon the production of their respective commissions and discharge.
W. W. PERVIANCE,
No. 114 Fifth street.
J. G. BACKOFFEN,
No. 95 Smithfield street.
C. C. TAYLOR,
No. 117 Diamond street.
WM. MITTENZWEY,
In East Birmingham.
WM. OWENS, Jr.,
No. 117 Fourth street.
se11:4

PAPER! PAPER!!
PITTSBURGH
PAPER MANUFACTURING CO.,
Warehouse, 82 Third Street,
Keep constantly on hand, and for sale, at lowest market rates,
NEWS, TACK MANILLA, HARDWARE, Roofing, Felt and
WRAPPING PAPERS.
10,000 lbs Straw Paper now in Warehouse.
Clinton Mills at Strubenville, Ohio.
Brighton Mills at New Brighton, Pa.
se13:3

NEW BOOK.
WOMEN OF THE WAR.
By FRANK MOORE, author of "The Rebellion Record," &c.
The object of this work is to collect and preserve narratives of the services of the women who have labored in the fields of the late war. Among these are sketches of Miss MARY ANN BICKERDYKE, of Pittsburgh; Mrs. HUSBAND and Miss PATTERSON, of Philadelphia; Miss CARRIE SHEAN, of Greensburg, Pa., and reports from nearly a dozen others in Boston. The work will contain about 600 octavo pages, and is illustrated with steel engravings of the most prominent women who served during the war. Sold only by subscription.
AGENTS WANTED in Western Pennsylvania and Virginia. Apply to
HENRY & HOWE,
No. 68 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.
se13:3

BARKER & HASELTINE,
No. 12 Fifth Street, Second Story,
OVER H. RICHARDSON & CO.'S,
DEALERS IN
LOOKING GLASSES,
Pictures and Frames of all kinds,
MOULDINGS, &C., &C.
A full stock constantly on hand. au2:1m

MONUMENTS, TOMB STONES,
STATUARY, BUSTS, FOUNTAINS,
AN EXTRA FINE
ITALIAN HEAD-STONE
On hand and for sale.
I. BROOME,
92 Penn Street, Pittsburgh.
au21

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. CO., PITTSBURGH, August 30th, 1866.
TO CONTRACTORS.—RAILROAD.
LETTING.—The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will receive proposals at their office, 110 Fifth street, in the City of Pittsburgh, up to 6 o'clock, P. M., of TUESDAY, September 25th, for the Grading, Masonry, Bridging and Tunnelling required on about forty-five miles sections of road extending northward from Brady's field.
Profiles, plans and specifications of the work will be ready for exhibition by the 10th of September next.
The line is marked on the ground sufficient for examination by contractors, though not yet completely finished.
Any further information in regard to the work can be had on application, in person or by letter, to
J. EDGAR THOMSON, Chief Engineer.
au30:3

H. J. LANCE,
SILK AND WOOLEN
DYER AND SCOURER,
ALSO,
Chintz Window Curtains and Chair Covers Cleaned & Regilazed without unpacking.
Nos. 35 and 37 Third Street,
Between Wood and Smithfield,
my17:d72 PITTSBURGH, PA.

POINT MALT HOUSES.
W. H. GARRARD & CO.,
Malsters, Grain & Hop Dealers,
No. 17 Water Street, and
Nos. 5 and 7 Penn Street,
PITTSBURGH PA.
The highest market price paid for WHEAT, BARLEY, RYE, CORN and OATS. my2:1y

ADJOURNED SALE OF
MANSFIELD PROPERTY,
AT MANSFIELD,
On Saturday, September 15th,
At 10 o'clock A. M., will be sold 3 valuable Houses and Lots, and about twenty Lots. Two of the houses and lots will be sold without reserve. All the property offered by very desirable, and to all localities that is improving very fast.
For particulars, apply to E. C. WHITE, Real Estate Agent, Mansfield, or to HAYS & SHAFFER, Attorneys, No. 105 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.
se11:3TS

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—In the Common Pleas Court, No. 3 March Term, 1866. ATHARIAH F. ELLIS vs. CHARLES ELLIS. In Divorce.
And now, Sept. 8, 1866, R. B. PARKINSON, Esq., appointed Commissioner by the Court to take testimony on part of libellant.
FROM THE RECORD.
JACOB H. WALTER, Prothy.
TO CHARLES ELLIS:—You will take notice that the undersigned Commissioner, appointed to take testimony in the above case, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at the office of MACRELL & McCOMBS, No. 89 Grant street, Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, Sept. 22d, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M.
R. B. PARKINSON,
se13:3t69 Commissioner.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—In the Court of Common Pleas, No. 273, March Term, 1866. HANNAH LAMBERT vs. SAMUEL LAMBERT. In Divorce.
And now, Sept. 8th, 1866, R. B. PARKINSON, Esq., appointed Commissioner by the Court to take testimony on part of libellant.
FROM THE RECORD.
JACOB H. WALTER, Prothy.
TO SAMUEL LAMBERT:—You will take notice that the undersigned Commissioner, appointed to take testimony in the above case, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at the office of MACRELL & McCOMBS, No. 89 Grant street, Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, Sept. 22d, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M.
R. B. PARKINSON,
se13:3t66 Commissioner.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Whereas Letters Testamentary on the estate of JOHN THAW, late of the city of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Penna., dec'd, have been granted by the Register of Wills of said county to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby required to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the said will present them for settlement.
WILLIAM THAW, Pittsburgh,
THOS. S. CLARKE, Pitt township, } Exec'rs.
WILLIAM M. HERSH, Pittsburgh, }
se13:3w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IN THE SUPREME COURT FOR EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.
[illegible] Term, 1866.
[illegible] vs. [illegible]
[illegible] Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, No. [illegible], March

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c.

AT EATON'S.

NOW IN STOCK

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS IN

Dress Trimmings and Ornaments,
Embroidered Bands,
Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs,
Cluney and Danish Lace,
Hamburg Edgings and Insertings
Jaconet Edgings and Insertings
Swiss Edgings and Insertings,

LADIES' FLEECED COTTON HOSE,
Doe Gauntlets,
WHITE CLOTH GLOVES,
600 DOZEN
Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs,
AND AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF
Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs,
FROM 25 CTS. UPWARDS,
AT
Wholesale or Retail,
AT
REASONABLE PRICES,
AT
F. H. EATON'S,
17 Fifth street.

sel3

COUNTRY
FLANNELS
AND
BLANKETS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
SHAWLS,
A Large Stock at
BATES & BELL'S,
21 FIFTH STREET,

CHEAP GOODS,
AT
DENNISON'S,
No. 27 Fifth Street.

EMBROIDERED COLLARS and CUFFS,
HANDKERCHIEFS and LACE MITS,
Nos. 6 EDGINGS and INSERTINGS,
Nos. 7 EDGINGS and INSERTINGS,
SWISS EDGINGS and INSERTINGS,
PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS, marked down to close out the stock.
CORSETS and HOOP SKIRTS,
WHITE SHIRTS, NECK TIES,
COLLARS and CUFFS.

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
Selling at Low Cash Prices.

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED
BY
JOS. HORNE & CO.

Full Assortment of
BONNETS AND HATS,
All the leading Fall Styles.
Millinery Goods
Crapes and Frames, Plain Fancy and Colored Silk Velvets in most desirable shades; Plain Fancy Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, new and full assortment; Flowers, choicest French and American; Feathers, fancy and plain.
EMBROIDERIES,
(Well assorted.)
Cambric, Hamburg, Swiss, Loone, Cluny, Valenciennes Edgings and Insertings; Flouncings, Bands and Bandeaux, Embroidered and Plain Linen Collars, Cuffs and Sets, Lawn and Linen Handkerchiefs, Dress and Cloak Trimmings and ornaments, Ball Fringe, Gimps, Cords, &c.
Dress Trimmings, Laces and Gimps.
WHITE GOODS.
A most complete stock of Jaconets, Cambrics, Mulls, &c., &c.
Handkerchiefs, Plain Lace, Hem-stitched, Hemmed, Embroidered, Tape Bordered, etc., etc.
Hosiery and Gloves in every variety and all sizes, Ladies' and Gents' Underwear.
Furnishing Goods:
Suspenders and Neck-Ties; Heavy Shirts and Drawers; Duplex, Bon-Ton and IXL Hoop Skirts; Corsets, Hair Pins, Needles, Cotton and Silk Bellings, Buttons—the latest novelties, all kinds.
Yarns—Greatest variety, Cashmere, Lamby Wool and Knitting in the various mixtures, plain colors and random.
Gent's Paper Collars, and cuffs, and every thing in the Notion line.
Prices as low as Eastern Jobbing Houses.
Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street,
au25

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
AT WHOLESALE,
At Present Eastern Prices.
A FULL LINE
In all the Departments.
Buyers are invited to call at
No. 115 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.
C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON, J. G. STEPHENSON.
au27

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Trimmings, Notions,
AND FANCY GOODS,
Have just received the LARGEST and HANDSOMEST stock of YARNS ever brought to this city, to which they call the attention of storekeepers and Knitters. The stock consists in part of
Boston, Germantown, and Country
YARNS,
In WHITE, BLACK, SCARLET, SOLFERINO, BROWN, PURPLE, CLOUDED, DRABS, MAGENTA RINE, CHINCHILLA, BLUE DE LYON, MEXICAN and AZULINE BLUES.
WHOLESALE BUYERS SUPPLIED AT EASTERN PRICES.
au27

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
No. 19 Fifth Street,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A SPLENDID LOT OF
Cluny and Maltese Collars,
Hamburg Flouncing,
Edgings and Insertings,
Puffed Muslins,
Marseilles,
Linen Tucked Setts,
Morocco Travelling Bags,
Fine Fans, Necklaces,
Elegant Styles Fancy Jewelry.
JUST RECEIVED, A FULL LINE OF
Alexandre's, Courvoisier's and Jouvin's
KID GLOVES.
GAUZE MERINO SHIRTS & DRAWERS,
Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Skirts,
AT MANUFACTURER'S PRICES.
Pittsburgh Agents for the sale of
LOCKWOOD'S
Cloth Lined and All Paper Collars,
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
au24 19 FIFTH STREET.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON FIRST PAGE.)

Council Meeting in East Birmingham.

On Tuesday evening, a regular monthly meeting of the East Birmingham Council was held at the academy.

Members present—Messrs. G. E. Stocum, Joseph Erny, N. Jones, J. S. Atkinson, C. J. Schultz and Burgess Chess.

After the reading and approval of the minutes of the previous meeting, a communication from Mr. John H. Page was read, requesting Council to instruct the Street Committee to conduct the water, running on Caroline street, to the opposite side of said street.

On motion of Mr. Stocum, the matter was referred to the Street Committee.

The monthly pay roll of the Street Commissioner was presented, as follows:

S. J. Thomas, services	$ 60 75
John Williams	8 00
William Rowlands	20 50
James McSwigen	3 00
Peter Shear	34 00
George Morely	12 00
Total	$ 148 25

The following bills were also presented:

Chess, Smythe & Co	$ 52 70
C. H. Lothead	3 75
Gas Company, three months	75 00
Freeborn & Friend, three months	29 00
George W. Fennel, gas lighting	15 00
Total	$175 45

On motion of Mr. Schultz warrants were ordered to be drawn in favor of the above claims. Mr. Stocum, Regulating Engineer, presented an approximate account of the measurement of excavation already done on Meadow street, to be 2,700 cubic yards which would amount to $2,430, payable in cash, on motion of Mr. Atkinson, a warrant was ordered to be drawn in favor of the contractor, P. R. Howley for six hundred dollars on account for grading.

The Street Committee reported that they had examined the petitions of resident property holders on Josephine street, and also on Larkins alley from Harmony to Joseph; and Joseph from Harmony to Railroad streets, asking that said streets and parts of streets be paved; and said petitions having the names of a majority of the resident property holders attached there to, the Committee therefore recommend that they be granted.

On motion of Mr. Erny, an ordinance was ordered to be prepared for the same, to be presented at the next meeting.

On motion of Mr. Atkinson, the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That the footings for the town fire plugs be placed at each intersection of streets where water pipes may be hereafter laid.

Mr. Joseph Keeling being present, requested that the Council take action in relation to the filling of a part of Larkins alley. The matter was referred to the Street Committee.

The Street Regulator was authorized to make the assessment on the owners of property for the paving of streets.

On motion, adjourned.

Criminal Court.

Court met as usual yesterday morning, Judges Mellon and Stowe on the bench.

The case of Wm. Orie and his wife and son, charged with aggravated assault and battery on Henry Gray, was resumed. The testimony was closed and the case went to the jury at an early hour.

As we stated yesterday, a cross suit was entered by Wm. Orie, Sr., against Henry Gray, Phillip Shondall and Fritz Schafer, charging them with aggravated assault and battery. True bills were found jointly in the two cases, and the latter was taken up immediately on the conclusion of the former. In this case it is alleged that the quarrels that existed between Gray and theOries were owing to the abusive and unjustifiable conduct of Gray. He, it is also alleged, had been a rebel soldier, and boasted of it offensively. On the evening of the final difficulty, in which the present suits originated, he was passing the house, and commenced using insulting language toward the family, and when they replied to him, made various threats against them, saying that he had spent four years in the Confederate army, killing Yankees, and would go at it in Ross township if they did not look out. At last he entered the yard and attacked the senior Orie, hitting him on the nose with a large stone, and knocking him down, after which he beat him severely. He also attacked Mrs. Orie, pulling her violently to the ground by her hair and then trampling on her, laceraling her neck severely with his boots. It was also charged that Shondall and Schafer came to the assistance of Gray, and that the former hit Mr. Orie with a rail in the side, inflicting a severe bruise. The latter inflicting Orie did not escape without rough treatment. The jury retired some time after the commencement of the afternoon session to deliberate on both cases. A little before five o'clock they returned a verdict of not guilty in both cases, directing the plaintiffs and defendants in each case to pay half the costs. Gray was committed by Alderman Wilson to the penitentiary in default of bail in the sum of five hundred dollars to keep the peace.

The next case was that of James Donnelly and Ellen Scanlon, jointly indicted for the larceny of two small hogs, valued at $7 each, from Mrs. Mary Lane, and otherwise stolen from Mrs. Sarah Kelly. The parties all reside in Allegheny, and the alleged larceny occurred on the 5th of July inst. It is charged that Mrs. Scanlon went to the pen where the hogs were, and said they looked like hers. She then sent James Donnelly, a little boy and son of the man in whose house she lived, to drive them out of the pen and to his house. He did so, and Mrs. Scanlon caught she had the animals taken to the country and their ears cut off, claiming that the hogs were hers. Information was made against her and before Alderman Neeb, of Allegheny, who held the case for Court. The jury in the case was still out at the time of adjournment last evening.

The Conservative Meeting at Etna.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I see by an article in Thursday's *Republic*, that a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Conservatives of Sharpsburg and Shaler township, was held at Etna, on Saturday evening last; but as the *Republic* was ashamed to state where such a meeting was held at, I will give it for the benefit of the public. Now the large and enthusiastic meeting, as the *Republic* chooses to term it, was held at Lawrence Mitchell's tavern, in the collar. I further see that A. G. Loyd, or "Colonel A. G. Loyd, as the *Republic* styles him, was the principal speaker of the meeting. Now, this President once styled himself a Republican, but I wish to state that we are glad that he has left the Republican ranks, for the influence he has in the township, will be of no good to the cause of the Union. I also refer to the article in reference to one of the Vice Presidents. I mean Dr. A. G. McQuaide. On the evening of the day and the so-called Conservative, or more properly speaking, Copperhead Convention, assembled in Pittsburgh, I happened to be in the office of D. S. Smith, Esq., who is a thorough Radical. Who should drop in but this said Dr. A. G. McQuaide, who spoke for by a Maker that he would never vote the Democratic or Conservative ticket, for they were sold, and that if he did he hoped the arm might be paralyzed sooner than to drop it from the arm that poised the vote.

Now, Messrs. Editors, I wish to show the public that we have only two shipwrecked Republicans in the township. One of them is the President of the above named meeting, and the other is the nominee for Commissioner on the Copperhead ticket, John Shaw, Jr. The reason that I name them is that your readers may know them, and steer clear of them, for they have been trying to persuade some of the loyal voters of Shaler township, to leave their Republican ranks and join with them under the promise of a "fat" office. But our voters are loyal to the core, and will sustain Congress, first, last and forever. Now, sirs, at this Conservative meeting, they could not rake up twenty men in the cellar, and as soon as the applause ceased, the call was for a little more "lager."

Now, I will close this communication and wait until I hear a few more falsehoods from the "little Reb," and then I will answer.

A RADICAL.

The Mercy Hospital.

The Pittsburgh *Catholic* says truthfully as follows:

The Mercy Hospital is still engaged in its own quiet and unobtrusive way in doing all the good it can. It has special claims on the charity of all classes, for those are to be found among us who have not either witnessed or shared in the public benefits which it dispenses. It is of course, a Catholic Institution, so far as it is conducted by Sisters of Mercy, but those familiar with its management are aware that the Sisters, while they exhibit the same kindness and solicitude to all, whether Catholic or Protestant, obliging their religious principles, to the patients while in the institution, may believe as they please, pray as they please, and send for any minister they please. There is an example of liberality well deserving of imitation, while the strictly charitable character of the Hospital is evidenced by the fact that "Patients too poor to pay are admitted free of charge." The wards are nearly full, and quite recently we have heard the institution so crowded that it was with the greatest difficulty the good Sisters provided for all who solicited admission. The people of Pittsburgh have reason to be proud of the Mercy Hospital; they have often already expressed in a practical way their high appreciation of its usefulness, and we know they are ready to do so again, should circumstances render it necessary.

Again.

J. K. Patterson, whom we mentioned yesterday as having taken a winding way to some parts unknown, leaving his horse and wagon standing on Wood street, was captured at a late hour on Wednesday night, and put on his accustomed bench in the lock up. Whether he had been robbed or had hidden his money is unknown, but, at all events, he had not a cent on his person when found. He was turned loose yesterday morning with the injunction to go home. He went instead to a grist mill, and as it takes him only a marvelously short time to get drunk, he was back in the lock up again by ten o'clock, drunk as a lord. Meantime the office of the watch-house looks like a first-class variety store, with Patterson's stock in trade. Brooms, shovels, wooden buckets, &c., are exhibited on all sides.

United States Court.

Yesterday, in the United States District Court, Hon. Wilson McCandless presiding, judgments were ordered to be entered against the defendants in the following cases, for failure to make returns of goods, wines, &c., as required under the Revenue laws:

United States vs. Daniel H. Cady, two cases, and John Laney, one case.

United States vs. John L. Cone, R. B. Roberts and Daniel Beccom.

On motion of R. B. Roberts, Esq., proctor for libellants in the case of Benjamin Crawford vs. the steamboat Emma Logan, the libel was dismissed at the cost of the libellants allowed to intervene with Henry Featherstone.

Special Caution.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has become so popular that various parties have put out articles calling them Mrs. Winslow's. Please take notice that the Mrs. Winslow of the Soothing Syrup is not connected with any other article. [jy11adsw

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

FROM NEW YORK.

Convention of Bank Officers—Scandinavian Emigrants to Arrive—The Explosion at Albany—Collision with a Ferry Boat—Two Men Drowned—Fire—Cholera Report—The Pacific Squadron.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The *Herald's* Chicago dispatch says the Convention of the officers of the National Banks of the Northwest was largely attended in that city yesterday. The object of the Convention is consultation in reference to redemption, taxation of circulation and deposits, and the amendment introduced in Congress by Mr. Hooper, from the Committee on Banks and Banking, which requires National Banks to redeem their currency in New York, Philadelphia, or Boston. The Convention passed resolutions disapproving of the amendment, and also proposing co-operation with parties in the South to have Judge Nelson's decision regarding the taxation of National Bank stocks reversed.

Two officers of the Danish government are in this country to superintend the settlement of eight thousand Scandinavian emigrants, who are to arrive by the steamers of the new line established between this city and the Baltic ports. The government of the Scandinavian nations in Europe are taking a lively interest in the welfare of the emigrants from those countries, and have forwarded these gentlemen as government agents for that purpose.

A *Times* special gives four additional names of killed at the explosion in Albany, yesterday. Besides these, bones and portions of the body of another have been found. He is unknown. Two men named McConnell and Brennon are missing, and it is not known but others also are lost. A man named Martin, a book-keeper at an adjoining lumber dealers, was so badly injured that he died to be taken home.

A fire was discovered early last evening in the spacious wool lard and oil store of Wetherbee & Allen, on Washington street. The store had just been closed when the fire broke out, and the steam engine, used for hoisting purposes, was working at full speed. The loss is about fifteen thousand dollars.

A launch with five men belonging to the Navy Yard in Brooklyn, collided with the ferry boat in the East River yesterday, and two of the men, named Joseph Randall and Manuel Cooley, were drowned.

There were ten fresh cases of cholera reported in this city yesterday, and sixteen deaths occurred from the same disease. In Brooklyn but one fresh case was reported, and is not believed to be fatal.

The Pensacola, Lieutenant Commander A. Kand, will sail to-day or to-morrow from the navy yard at Brooklyn, to join the South Pacific Squadron.

The War in Paraguay—Small Pox Among the Allied Troops—A New Ministry Formed.

NEW YORK, September 13.—The *Herald's* Rio Janeiro correspondence, dated August 8th, says: The war in Paraguay is progressing, and the allies are where they were at our last advices—in the morass, under the guns of the enemy. They are still unable to advance or withdraw.

The small-pox has broken out in a malignant form among the allied soldiers, and physicians were so scarce that it was proposed to impress a number.

A seizure of 5,000 horses has been made for use in removing the camp.

No change has been reported on board the fleet, which is lying where it was before sailing for torpedoes.

Information was received from Corrientes, on the 5th of July, that the Paraguayans were advancing on the allied camp, but no further news of the movement had been received. The Paraguayans had, report said, been reinforced by 10,000 men.

On the 31st of July a new Ministry was formed by the Emperor of Brazil, after consultation with his Councilor, a distinguished Liberal, who has formed the cabinet on the plan of similar antecedents. On the 4th of August the new Ministry met, when they were received with a decided opposition in the galleries, and hastily adjourned, having been driven afterwards found themselves in a majority, although a small one.

James Watson Webb, the United States Minister, arrived on the 31st of August.

The steamship Onward was in the harbor. The Brazilian squadron sailed on the 4th ult. for Bahia. The Chilian-Peruvian fleet was expected in the river Plate.

Gold in the Treasury.

NEW YORK, September 13.—A Washington special to the *Times* says Secretary McCulloch, notwithstanding the efforts of interested parties to induce him to part with a portion of his gold reserve, has steadily declined. The strength of the present financial condition of the Treasury is the gold reserve, and increasing. The more gold held by the government, the greater the intrinsic value of its securities, and the nearer its return to a specie basis. Large amounts are being sold in Europe, and the receipts from California are as large as at present, it is believed that all legitimate demands for it can be easily met. Nothing but the continuance of the issues is contemplated by the Government, and this to the minimum extent as rapidly as is consistent with the public interests.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
GREAT BARGAINS
IN
BOOTS & SHOES
TO-DAY,
AT
J. A. ROBINSON & CO.'S,
61 MARKET STREET.

TIGHT-ROPE WALKING.
A Terrible Fall.
TERRIBLE WAS THE FALL OF
Boots and Shoes,
At No. 87 Market Street, Yesterday.
WHY IS THIS WHEN GOODS ARE ADVANCING?

The proprietor of No. 87 Market street has reduced his prices TWENTY PER CENT. for thirty days, in order to sell out himself to a large stock of Boots and Shoes. Our stock is large. A call will convince you of the fact. Come and see for yourself. Goods are coming already. Come soon and get bargains. A large lot of Men's fine calf Boots selling very low.

We also beg to acquaint the public that we manufacture to order, and can make a fine boot for one dollar and fifty cents lower than any other house in the city. We also defy any taste to be displeased in the stamp of boots we manufacture. Ladies' walking Balmorals, Boots and Slippers of a shape for comfort, made to order. Ladies' fine kid Slippers, made to order.

W. G. MAHAFFAY, 87 Market st.
au25

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS.
No. 63 Market Street.
Having added to my stock of
BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS
to suit gentlemen, ladies, misses and children, of the latest style, and as good as can be found in the market, I will sell at very moderate prices.
Customers and my friends, with the public, are invited to call and get a neat fit.
REMEMBER THE PLACE.
No. 63 Market Street.
GEORGE McCANDLESS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
92 FEDERAL ST. 92 FEDERAL ST.
Prices Marked Down.
Great Bargains to be obtained. A full assortment of everything in the Boot, shoe and Gaiter line. A good fit, good goods and low prices, at
McCLINTOCK'S,
92 Federal St., Allegheny.
au24

A LARGE AND FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
SUMMER BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS
And Balmorals,
Just received, and will be sold at the VERY LOWEST PRICES, either Wholesale or Retail.
GIVE US A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.
J. H. & W. C. BORLAND,
No. 65 Market street, 2d door from Fifth St.
myl9

FOR GENT.S
FINE CALF BOOTS, SHOES, and CONGRESS GAITERS.
FOR LADIES—FINE KID, and CONGRESS GAITERS.
Choice KID BOOTS and SLIPPERS.
Stock large and well manufactured expressly for city sales, of best material, suited to all feet and every taste. Customers promptly and politely served at No. 53 Market street.
J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.
COOPER FIELDING, JOHN FIELDING.
C. FIELDING & BRO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Custom Made
BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS,
No. 140 Ohio St., Allegheny.
Repairing promptly executed on the shortest notice.
NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE
No. 24 St. Clair Street.
A large and well selected stock of LADIES', GENT'S and CHILDREN'S GAITERS, BALMORALS, etc., which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES. (opposite Second) JOHN ROOS & SON.

SPECIAL NOTICES

JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,
Manufacturers of Iron Vaults and Vault Doors, Iron Railing, Window Shutters, Window Guards, &c., Nos. 91 Second and 85 Third street, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.
Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done at short notice. mh29

ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,)
WASHINGTON WORKS,
Founders & Machinists, Pittsburgh,
Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Boat Engines, Mill Mach inery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Roller and Sheet Iron Work.
☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers.

PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS.
HUBBARD, ARO & CO., Manufacturers of PATENT GROUND CIRCULAR SAWS, CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description, Mill, Muley, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other varieties.
Also, sole agents for the sale of the Genuine Disston Solid Cast Steel, Extra refined REAPER and MOWING KNIVES, &c.
☞ Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh.
Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and re-facing the Circular Saws, also, repairing all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. jy6:tf

LAKE SUPERIOR
COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS.
PITTSBURGH.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.,
Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Nailed Boats, Spikes, Composition Solder, Importers and dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand, Lamons' Manufacture and Tools. Warehouses, No. 140 First and 139 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my9:tf&wly

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,
BOILER MAKERS
AND
SHEET IRON WORKERS,
Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.
Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers, in the neat manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Rods, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.
Repairing done on the shortest notice. jy21

☞ THE QUEEN! THE QUEEN!
THE QUEEN OF
HAIR RESTORERS!
MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER is QUEEN, not only in NAME, but in VIRTUES. Is the Best Hair Restorer ever offered to the Public.
An infallible EXTERMINATOR and PRESERVER of the Hair if faithfully applied.
It is no Hair Dye.
It acts directly upon the roots of the hair, changing it to its natural color, and original luxuriance, by and calling out of the hair, eradicating scurf and dandruff, and curing all manner of the same.
It will change dry and wiry hair to soft and luxuriant tresses.
It imparts a delightful fragrance to the hair.
It is purely vegetable, and will not soil, as in dyes, the finest linen.
MRS. WINSLOW'S QUEEN HAIR RESTORER.
Price $1 per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
R. P. SELLERS & CO.,
Wholesale Agents.

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."
A most exquisite, delicate and fragrant Perfume, distilled from the rare and beautiful flower of the
"NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS."
Manufactured only by
PHALON & SON, New York.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

☞ MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY,
An Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men, Married Persons, and those contemplating Marriage, both sexes, single or married, who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, Impediments to Marriage, Sexual Abuses, Organic Weakness, Impotency, Sterility, Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Emissions, Spermatic Diseases, Impaired Nutrition, Local Debility, Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Fistula, Piles, Fissure, Ulcers, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Rheumatism, Affections of the Throat, Nose and Skin, Mercurial Diseases, Disorders of the Digestive Organs, Involuntary Discharges, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, Baldness, Deafness, Hysterics, Epilepsy, Fits, Pains in the Head, Back and Limbs, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Flatulency, Worms, Cancer, Tumors, Ulcerations, Eruptions, Impurities of the Blood, Scrofula, Consumption, Rickets, Curvature of the Spine, Diseases of the Lungs, Heart, Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous System, Female Complaints, Hysterics, Pregnancy, Childbirth, Nursing, Management of Infants, Diseases of Infancy, Childhood, Youth, Manhood, Old Age, &c., &c., &c.
By R. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the GREEN BOOK, &c.
"A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers."
Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 121 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.
Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. au24 13:d&wT

EDUCATIONAL.
MT. AUBURN
YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE.
This School has just come under its fourth year. Its success has been remarkable, especially during the last two years. The last two years the daily average attendance has been more than double the first, and many have been refused for want of accommodation.

A NEW BUILDING
is now under contract, to be ready for occupancy at the opening of the next session. It is designed to be furnished throughout and to be located in a healthy locality, APPARATUS and CABINET are unsurpassed in quality, valuable additions, and the corps is kept steadily in view, to furnish every facility for a thorough education in the best methods. Pupils are prepared for more advanced classes in the Pittsburgh Female College, and Pittsburgh Female Seminary, or for business life. Circulars may be had at the Pittsburgh Female College, or at the Institute. Address
I. H. WHITE,
25 West Fourth Street,
CINCINNATI.

PENN INSTITUTE,
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
Under the Management of
MRS. M. H. MYERS.
No. 25 Hancock Street.

SEWING MACHINES.
SEWING of every description executed with neatness and dispatch, on the following
WHEELER & WILSON
LOCK-STITCH MACHINES,
THE MOST DURABLE, at 27 FIFTH STREET.
THE "WHEELER & WILSON"
SEWING MACHINE
THE MOST SIMPLE, at 27 FIFTH STREET.
THE "WHEELER & WILSON"
SEWING MACHINE
THE BEST, at 27 FIFTH STREET.
THE "WHEELER & WILSON"
THE ONLY FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.
AT 27 FIFTH ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.
WM. SUMNER & CO.
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GEO. S. SCOTT ..... JOHN ROOS
JOHN ROOS & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
WM. N. OGDEN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Carbon Oil Lamps and Fixtures,
CHANDELIERS, CARBON OILS, &C.
No. 64 Market Street,
my19:tf&wly PITTSBURGH, PA.

STEPHEN M. OTT,
GENERAL
Die Sinker, Seal and Medal Engraver,
STENCIL, BRAND AND STEEL LETTER CUTTER,
SUPERIOR SEAL PRESSES,
Cancelling Stamps and Visiting Cards,
Also, PLATES FOR MARKING CLOTHING.
93 Wood St., Cor. Diamond Alley,
(ABOVE DAVIS' BOOK STORE.)
PITTSBURGH.

J. C. BUFFUM ..... H. W. BUFFUM.
J. C. BUFFUM & CO., Manufacturers of Sarsaparilla, Lemon and Raspberry
SODA WATERS.
Raspberry, Strawberry and Lemon Syrups; Bottlers of choice Ales, Brown Stout, Lager Beer and Champagne Cider; Cider by the barrel, half barrel or keg. Nos. 32 and 34 MARKET ST., near second, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders filled and shipped to all parts of the country on short notice. jy14:d&wly

PRODUCE IN STORE AND ARRIVING—7,000 bus prime Yellow Shelled Corn;
3,000 " White "
1,000 " Amber Wheat, to arrive;
40,000 lbs. Shipstuff;
10 bbls. Fresh Corn Meal;
100 bbls. "Star of the West" Flour;
2,000 bus. Barley.
HENRY REA, Jr.,
28 Liberty street, opposite Smith.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

AUTUMN TRADE.
Monday, September 10,
1866.
M'ELROY,
DICKSON
& CO.,
54 Wood St., Pittsburgh.
PRESENT FOR INSPECTION,
DRY GOODS
At Wholesale,
CAREFULLY SELECTED,
FOR THE
FALL TRADE.
WOOLEN
AND COTTON
FABRICS
FOR THE PRESENT SEASON
AT
Reasonable
Prices.
TERMS, NET CASH,
McELROY,
DICKSON
& COMPANY.

CARR,
M'CANDLESS
& CO.,
94 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH,
WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS,
Announce that they have just received and are now opening an UNUSUALLY LARGE and WELL SELECTED STOCK of all articles in the
DRY GOODS LINE,
Which they offer to the trade at the lowest market rates. Dealers will find it to their advantage to call and examine their Stock, comprising a handsome assortment of many
Scarce & Desirable Goods,
Together with Superior Styles of all the best makes of
Prints,
American Delaines,
Standard Sheetings,
Bleached and Brown,
Tickings,
Ginghams,
Canton Flannels,
Apron Checks,
Shirting Checks,
Col'rd Drills, &c.
FLANNELS,
Plain White, Scarlet, Mixed, Red and Grey Twilled, Rob Roy, Miners, Shaker and Shirting.
White and Colored
BED BLANKETS,
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
CLOAKINGS
&c., &c., &c.
FRENCH, GERMAN AND ENGLISH
FANCY DRESS GOODS.
Our Stock will embrace a great variety and all the latest Novelties.
NOTIONS,
A Full and Complete Assortment.
CARR, M'CANDLESS & CO.,
94 Wood Street.
se27:d&wly

PAINTERS.
JOHN T. GRAY,
HOUSE AND SIGN
PAINTER, GRAINER AND GLAZIER,
No. 54 Hand St., Pittsburgh.
Plain and Ornamental Signs of every description done to order. All work done promptly at reasonable rates. jel3:d3

WILLIAM H. BROWN,
(Late of the firm of BROWN & MORROW,)
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
North-east corner of Third and Market streets.
PITTSBURGH.

MANUFACTURERS.

AMERICAN IRON WORKS.
JONES & LAUGHLINS,
PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
AMERICAN AND CLAIR
Bar, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron;
Bridge Iron;
Angle and T Iron;
Guard Iron;
Coal Screen Iron;
T Rails, 16 and 20 lbs. to the yard
Tram Rails, punched and counter sunk;
Boiler, Bridge and Tank Rivets
Cut Nails and Spikes;
Ship and Boat Spikes;
Railroad Spikes;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Wheels and Axles;
Street Car Wheels and Axles;
Coal-Pit Car Wheels and Axles;
Patent Cold Rolled Shafting;
Patent Cold Rolled Piston Rods;
Mower and Reaper Bars.
WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE,
120 Water and 158 Front Sts.
BRANCH HOUSE,
Nos. 22, 24 and 26 River St.,
Je14:tf CHICAGO, ILL.

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS.
LLOYD & BLACK,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Common, Refined Charcoal
AND
Juniata Bloom Iron.
MERCHANT BAR, ROUND and SQUARE IRON.
HOOP, BAND, T and ANGLE IRON.
BOILER PLATE and SHEET IRON.
MOWER and REAPER BARS.
CYLINDER and GUARD OR FINGER IRON.
SMALL T RAILS, 8 and 16 lbs. to the yard.
WROUGHT CHAIRS and SPIKES for same.
FLAT RAILS, Punched and Countersunk.
CAR SCREEN IRON.
NAILS and SPIKES.
Warehouse No. 88 Water and No. 6 Market sts. Works, Second street, Eighth Ward, adjoining City Gas Works, Pittsburgh. au24:tf

DUQUESNE IRON AND STEEL WORKS.
HAILMAN, RAHM & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron, Nails, Springs, Axles,
PLOUGH, SPRING AND A. B. STEEL, &C.
WAREHOUSE,
No. 77 Water Street,
PITTSBURGH.
au27:tf

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS.
MODES & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BLACK AND GREEN GLASSWARE,
Druggists' Ware, Bottles,
DEMIJOHNS, CARBOYS, &c.,
Works and Office, Lawrenceville, Pa.
POST OFFICE ADDRESS, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Always on hand, Glassware of the above description. All orders promptly attended to.
Particular attention paid to private Moulds.
au27:tf

UTILITY WORKS.
McLEAN & SLATOR,
No. 83 Liberty St., opposite Fourth,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CABINET MAKERS' HARDWARE.
They make a specialty of Iron Reversed and Pivot Castors, Porcelain, Reversed and Pivot Castors, Reversed Parlor Casters, Sliding Door Castors, &c. They also manufacture and have constantly on hand Furniture Locks, Spring Catches, M'Lean's Reversible Parlor Door Locks, Escutcheon Pins, Escutcheon Plates, Utility Shutter and Butt Hinges, Grindstone Hangings, Cod Irons, Sash Weights, &c., &c.
jy2:tf

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL,
No. 118 Water Street,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT GROUND, PATENT TEMPERED PATENT TOOTHED
CIRCULAR, MULAY, MILL AND CROSS-CUT
SAWS.
jy20:tf

O'HARA BOILER WORKS.
MORROW & BARNHILL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Agitators, Tanks, Salt Pans, Grasometers, Wrought Iron Bridges, Sheet Iron Work, &c., &c.,
CORNER LIBERTY AND SECOND STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ REPAIRING DONE PROMPTLY. my24:d2m

AMERICAN MACHINE WORKS.
FISHER, GRAHAM & CO.,
Engine Builders and Machinists,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Oil Engines, Oil Tools,
And everything necessary for Boring Oil Wells. Particular attention paid to Fitting up Jobbing Factories, Hangers, &c.
Marion Avenue, near Ft. W. & C. R. R.
Allegheny, Pa.
REPAIRING DONE PROMPTLY. jel3:d3

INDUSTRIAL WORKS.
HUGH M. BOLE ..JAMES NELSON ..HUNTER ORR.
HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,
FOUNDERS, ENGINE BUILDERS AND MACHINISTS, Manufacturers of STEAMBOAT and MILL WORK, MARINE and RAILROAD LOCOMOTIVES for Coal Works, all kinds of Land and Marine Engines made to order.
From the well known reputation of the Manager, Mr. JAMES NELSON, we hope to secure a liberal share of the patronage of Steamboat builders and others wanting good machinery. Our aim will be to do all work in the best manner for a fair compensation. Repairing done with dispatch. All kinds of CASTINGS made to order. Repairing Machinery promptly attended to. We can turn a Shaft 30 feet long, and bore it 9 inches in diameter.
☞ Shop on Duquesne Way, near the Point. Foundry on Third street, near Market, Pittsburgh.
ap30:tf

ED. KAYLOR, Pres't. ..... W. S. M'ELROY, Sec'y
PITTSBURGH BOLT COMPANY.
WE ARE PREPARED to make all kinds of bolts, from ¾ to 2 inches in diameter.

JOINT BOLTS,	CAR B

THE LATEST NEWS
BY TELEGRAPH.

THE CAMPAIGN.

GRAND MASS MEETING.

Titusville Speaks for Congress.

BOUNDLESS ENTHUSIASM.

Imposing Processions.

THOUSANDS OF CITIZENS IN COUNCIL.

Finney's Election a Certainty.

Special Despatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.

TITUSVILLE, September 11, 1866.

The loyal citizens of this neighborhood turned out in their full might to-day at the Grand Union Republican mass meeting. From early morn till noon the 50-yd. patriotic clans poured into the town from all the neighboring vicinities. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed among the people, they doing all within their power to render the occasion one worthy of the great cause we are now fighting. The delegations from elsewhere were received with much hospitality by the good folk of Titusville, and as the hotels were crowded to their utmost capacity, the people threw open their doors to all comers. The display of national bunting, mottoes and patriotic devices was very profuse, nearly all of the dwellings and store houses being thus decorated. So full an appearance business was almost entirely suspended, the merchants, mechanics and tradesmen closing their stores and consecrating the day to the service of their country.

The weather was all that could have been desired although the streets were in bad condition from recent rains. About noon the procession was formed on Franklin, Pine and Spring streets, under the direction of Col. O. Keese, Chief Marshal and Col. P. Davidson, Maj. Jesse Smith and Maj. F. W. Mathews, Assistant Marshals. After escorting from the depot the distinguished guests, the procession moved as follows:

Chief Marshal and Aids.
Music.
Detachment of Volunteer Cavalry, Commanded by Capts. J. J. Carter and Chas. Cannell.
The "Boys in Blue," under command of Col. J. H. Cogswell.
Guests in Carriages.
City Authorities in Carriages
Music.
Republican Union Club
"Geary Guards."
Citizens Generally.

The following was the route marched:

Monroe to Spring street; through Spring to Diamond; through Diamond to Drake; through Drake to Main; through Main to Perry; through Perry to Oak; through Oak to Washington; through Washington to Walnut; through Walnut to Franklin; through Franklin to Spring or the point of beginning where it broke ranks and organized into the grand mass meeting.

The procession was a grand and imposing demonstration, reflecting much credit upon all concerned. As it moved through the streets the wildest of enthusiasm prevailed. On either side of the street immense throngs lined the side-walks, cheering heartily as each new delegation came up. The windows, stoops and portices of the dwellings on the route of procession were graced with ladies and children, who gave vent to their patriotism by the waving of flags and handkerchiefs. Upon the whole, the procession was the most successful affair of a political nature ever witnessed here.

The meeting when organized, was an immense concourse. Able and patriotic addresses were delivered by Governor Curtin, Hon. W. B. Mann, of Philadelphia, and Mr. F. E. Penniman, of Pittsburgh. The citizens loudly applauded every mention made of Congress and heartily endorsed every censure cast upon Andrew Johnson, for his treachery to the principles of the party which elected him as Vice President of the nation.

To-night the city was illuminated and presented a beautiful appearance. Hundreds joined in the torch light procession, and the city was in a blaze with pyrotechnical displays from the buildings and streets.

Hon. D. A. Finney and others addressed their fellow citizens at a meeting held in the Public Hall to-night, while open air meetings were also held, and addressed by a number of patriotic gentlemen.

Artillery salutes were fired at regular intervals during the evening.

The election of Hon. Darwin A. Finney as member of Congress from this District has been reduced to an almost positive certainty. Daily the opposition to him in the ranks of the Union Republican party from the adherents of S. S. Pettis, Esq., diminishes, and the ranks become cemented together in solid opposition to the enemy. Mr. Finney's majority will be an unusual and overwhelming one.

The Presidential Reception in Cincinnati—Grant and the "Boys in Blue."

CINCINNATI, September 11.—This afternoon's *Times* says the reception yesterday in this city was the most creditable of the whole tour. Mr. Grosebeck's welcome was by far, superior to any other similar address, and the President's response was far less marred by indecencies and indignities.

The *Gazette* says President Johnson stated publicly that he was very much pleased to see such perfect order prevail in the city, and personally complimented Chief of Police Morrison on the almost perfect order which had been maintained.

The *Enquirer* says: The party passed from the Spencer House to the carriages in waiting to convey them to the depot. The demonstrations towards the President were beyond description. Many persons warmly grasped the hands of the President with the exclamations of 'God bless you, Mr. President; may you live to restore the Union and establish peace and harmony throughout the land.' About fifty carriages, filled with the committee on reception and escort, followed the President to the depot, where another immense crowd was assembled, which warmly cheered the President and party.

The *Commercial* says the President has a resonant and far-reaching voice and seems to be not in the least impaired by his recent much speaking. His style is declamatory and exceedingly earnest, and any disjointedness that may be detected in the sentences is attributable to little observable in the earnestness of his declamation. The crowd that listened to his speech was evidently attracted by curiosity rather than any enthusiasm for admiration for the President. It was an orderly, respectable and intelligent gathering, and there was manifested throughout the President's remarks a spirit of fairness and candor to listen with respect to whatever might be said.

The commander of the "Boys in Blue" in a card published to-day, gives the following version of the remarks made by several tenants at Wood's Theatre. After being introduced and taking me by the hand, he said:

"I am not a politician; the President of the United States is my superior officer, and I am under his command, and you, gentlemen, have any regard for me, to march your company away, as I do not wish to be thus arrested. Consider this a private interview, and not for a selfish and political object, and all and disapprove, but I shall be glad to see you all to-morrow at the Burnet House."

MARRIED.

GRYMES—DARLINGTON.—On Tuesday evening, Sept. 11th, 1866, by the Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D.D., GEORGE GRYMES, of Pittsburgh, to Miss ANNIE DARLINGTON, of Allegheny.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FIRST WARD, ALLEGHENY.

The Republicans of the "Banner Ward" will meet with their friends, the "Boys in Blue," in SIDDON'S HALL, Rebecca street, on SATURDAY EVENING, 15TH INST., to organize a Campaign Club. Let there be a full meeting.

s11 By order of THE COMMITTEE.

HILLDALE CEMETERY.

The beautiful "God's-acre," the largest suburban place of sepulchre, except one, in this country, is situated on Nunnery Hill, Pittsburgh and Allegheny. For burial lots, permits or titles, call at Central Drug Store of COOL & CANNEY, Allegheny City.

FAIRMAN & SAMSON,
UNDERTAKERS
No. 196 Smithfield St., cor. 7th,
(Entrance from Seventh Street.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
AND 124 SANDUSKY STREET,
ALLEGHENY, PA.

ALEX. AIKEN,
UNDERTAKER,

No. 166 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods constantly on hand. Special attention given to Embalming. REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. W. Jackson, D.D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., James B. Allen, Esq.

R. T. WHITE & CO.,
UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS
Manchester, Wood's Run and vicinity.
COFFIN ROOMS AT MANCHESTER LIVERY STABLE.
Corner of Sheffield and Chartiers streets.
Hearse and Carriages furnished.

DUNSEATH & CO'S
Watch Repairing Establishment,
68 Fifth Street,
OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

LADIES' AND GENT'S
WATCHES,
ALL STYLES,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,
AT
WILL T. WILEY'S,
WYLIE ST., NEAR FIFTH.

SOMETHING NEW.
Time Registering
BAROMETERS,
SOLD BY THE AGENTS,
HASLETT & CO.,
Dealers in Optical Goods,
93 1-2 Smithfield Street.

This instrument is very generally used by Farmers and Mechanics, as by its use they can determine a Clock, Barometer and Thermometer, as can be depended upon for indicating the change of weather.

FALL GOODS.
NOW RECEIVING, a large and complete assortment of
FALL GOODS,
For BOYS, YOUTHS and CHILDREN,
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
GRAY & LOGAN,
47 St. Clair Street.

NOTICE TO LANDLORDS AND TENANTS.
BRICKLAYING AND JOBBING.
Grates, Ranges, Heaters and Boilers Neatly and Expeditiously Set and Repaired.

All orders left at Mitchell, Stephenson & Co.'s Stove Warehouse, No. 194 Liberty street, will be promptly attended to.

JOHN McKINLEY,
THOMAS McKEE,
Practical Bricklayers.

JUST ARRIVED FROM THE EAST.
BOOTS AND SHOES.
JAMES ROBB,
No. 89 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

This old established house has now in store thirty-five thousand dollars worth of Boots and Shoes, and styles the latest, the quality the best, which we are determined to sell at VERY LOW PRICES. We have resolved not to be undersold by any in the business that keeps goods worth having.

Call and examine our stock of goods, and we feel satisfied that you will purchase what you want in the Boot and Shoe Line.

Also not forget the place, 89 Market street.

JAMES ROBB.

DAULER, CLOSE & CO.,
Practical Furniture Manufacturers,
COR. PENN AND WAYNE STREETS,

Latest styles of FURNITURE constantly on hand.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Gold for New York.

MEXICAN EMPIRE WITHERED AWAY.

Special French Mission to Mexico.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

LIVERPOOL, *September 12—Noon.*—The steamship City of London sailed to-day for New York, taking £10,000 in gold.

LONDON, *September 12—Noon.*—The *Times* of to-day, editorially admits that the empire of Mexico has withered away, and thinks that the country should be left to itself.

PARIS, September 12.—*Noon*—Emperor Napoleon has sent a special mission to Mexico to confer with Maximilian.

VIENNA, September 12.—*Noon*—The negotiations for peace between Austria and Italy are making rapid progress.

BERLIN, September 12.—*Noon*—The Allgemine *Zeitung* of to-day has an article on the eastern question, the re-opening of which, by Russia, it says cannot be from pacific motives, or for a peaceful purpose.

BUCHAREST, September 13.—It has been determined that two members of Prince Charles' Cabinet shall soon go on a mission to Constantinople, to urge upon the Porte to recognize the Hospodar.

Commercial.

LIVERPOOL, *September 12*—The cotton market is unchanged, but steady. The sales to-day foot up ten thousand bales. Middling uplands are quoted at 13d.

LONDON, *September 12—Noon*—Consols for money, 89¾. American Securities—United States Five-twenties, 71¾; Erie Railroad Shares, 41½; Illinois Central Shares, 87½.

Mining Dividends.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 13.—The following mining companies pay dividends this week, amounting in the aggregate to one hundred and fifty-four thousand dollars: Savage, $80; Ophir, $40; Gould & Curry, $15; Hale & Norcross, $5 per share. These companies carry over three hundred thousand dollars surplus.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, September 12.—Flour quiet. Wheat opened two cents better for White, and closed with the advance lost; sales of New White Michigan, at $2.46@2.50; Amber, $2.50@2.55; Extra Illinois Spring, $2.28. Corn unchanged; sales of No. 1 Mixed, at 68c. Oats one cent better; sales at 36c.

Prussian Forger—Defaulting Teller.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—Karl Belte, the Prussian forger, has confessed his guilt and agreed to return to Prussia.

George H. Boggs, the defaulting teller of the Nassau Bank, was held to bail in $80,000.

Southern Delegates at New York.

NEW YORK, September 13.—The southern Delegates were entertained by the Union League Club this evening. The banquet was select and the speeches of the same neutral tenor as those at the other meetings.

New York Republican Nomination.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—The Hon. Hamilton Ward was yesterday unanimously renominated for Congress by the Republican Convention for the Twenty-seventh District, which was held at Hornetsville.

Cholera in Richmond.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 13.—Five new cases of cholera were reported during the last twenty-four hours two of which were fatal.

The Gazette Building Yesterday.

The *Gazette* building was decorated at the fourth story by a large number of Chinese lanterns, supplied by the Johnson men to the German *Democrat*, which journal leases that part of the building. One solitary Roman candle was fired as the procession passed, Halsmouth showing off the mottoes run out from the *Gazette* windows of "Welcome to Grant and Farragut," and "God, Grant, Geary, Victory." The surrounding crowd of Union men groaned as they passed the *Gazette* building, doubtless thus expressing their contempt for the miserable display made by their German friends upon the Hall. Perhaps it would have been far too well to groan or hiss in that manner at our building—of course they do not; those generous, intelligent Germans and mechanics of Ball Run District, who are so frequently honor by notice in our police reports.

MARRIED.

GRYMES—DARLINGTON.—On Tuesday evening, Sept. 11th, 1866, by the Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D.D., GEORGE GRYMES, of Pittsburgh, to Miss ANNIE DARLINGTON, of Allegheny.

PH. R. MERTZ,
Banker and Broker,
118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth,

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

THURSDAY, September 13, 1866.

The New York stock quotations to-day, were as follows: Gold, 146@146¾; 1881's, 113; Five Twenties, old, 110¾; do, new, 108¾; Ten-Forties, large, 98; do small, 101; Seven Thirties, large, 105¾; do small, 105½; Michigan Southern 82¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 85¾; Fort Wayne, 104½; Erie, 71½; Rock Island, 109¾; Chicago & Northwestern common, 35¾; do preferred, 66.

The decline in government bonds, together with the apparent firmness in gold, in the face of heavy shipments from Europe, have given rise to apprehensions of a still further depreciation, though there is nothing in fact to justify any such predictions.

There is a little better feeling in our local stock market, though there is still an abundance of room for improvement. Allegheny Valley Railroad stock is in brisk demand, with sales reported to-day at 17¾ to 18, but holders generally, are asking 20. This stock affords an excellent opportunity for investment. There is also some inquiry for Columbia oil stock, and from what we can learn, there is but little offering. Bank and Insurance stocks quiet and unchanged.

—Says the Chicago *Tribune*, of Wednesday: There was some talk in grain circles to-day relative to the suspension of a rather well-known operator, in consequence of the unlooked for advance in wheat within the past week or ten days. There were also rumors afloat to the effect that others were in a shaky condition from the same cause. The weather has "cornered" the market and settlements are being made at a loss of 35@40c per bush to those who sold "short" for delivery the first half of this month.

—The "bulls" of the gold market fears the Philadelphia *Ledger*) are likely to be saddled with a pretty heavy loan of coin in keeping up the premium. The shipment of gold from the other side to-day stands at $1,500,000, as reported on Saturday. The city of Boston arrived at New York on Sunday $500,000, and the steamer Saturday with $500,000. The other arrival due at Boston by the China this week amounts to $750,000. The price of gold is nearly steady, notwithstanding the English and continental arbitrage speculators' rise, however, feel less confident than they did last week. Their only safe calculation is on the temporary scarcity of cash gold to meet the daily engagements, and to fulfill their maturing short contracts.

—The New York *Tribune* says:

The drain of currency to the interior continues, and in connection with a growing demand for money in home channels is steadily enabling leading banks to make better returns of their weekly averages, increasing its balance which since September 1 has advanced nearly $2,500,000, and this too after paying the Ten-Forty interest. The balance of this gain will be $3,000,000 or less than when the Department commenced to pay off the temporary loan, and promises to increase steadily from customs and internal revenue, until the Secretary of the Treasury is able to make to Congress a statement which will advance the national credit and make it apparent that specie payments can be resumed *without delay* beyond January, 1867.

—The New York *Financial Chronicle*, of Saturday has the following:

The Senate has added $11,500,000 to the funded portion of the National debt under the description of the Navy Pension Fund, by this fund appears now for the first time, which has hitherto been kept secret, and what sale of interest it now bears, are questions concerning where there is a good deal of curiosity just now. In reply, we can only say that, a few days since, we were informed by a gentleman retired from the commutation past by private citizens for exemption from service during the war. The aggregate fund in this strong was then $40,000,000, and was invested principally in the purchase of bonds of 1881, Five Twenties and other Government securities, and the interest of this fund, by the action of Congress, passed last summer at the instance of Mr. Grimes, Chairman of the Committee, directed into Navy Pension Fund of the principal still bearing six per cent. right of the Government by simple inscription on the books at the Treasury. The interest on this fund, we presume, has been sold to Mr. McCulloch, and, at the premium of say per cent, there will be a gain on the transaction of from $600,000 to $700,000.

CENTRAL LIVE STOCK MARKET

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
THURSDAY, Sept. 13, 1866.

CATTLE.

The receipts of cattle were again large this week, but the offerings were almost entirely of an inferior quality, and consequently, good cattle sold readily at full prices, while common and inferior were dull and barely active, did not command any advance. There was a very fair attendance of eastern buyers, and there were also a large number of stock growers on hand, besides the usual city buyers. As a rule it will be seen by reference to the sales reported, the transactions in the aggregate were unusually large. The best quality of cattle were principally bought by shippers for retaining in the eastern market, sold at from 5 to 6¾, and extra, had there been any of that particular description in market, would readily have brought 7c. There is a continued good demand for stock cattle, and we can report large sales at from 5 to 6¾, according to quality and condition.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The arrivals of sheep were unusually light this week, and mostly of an inferior quality, but notwithstanding the market was no better than last week, and prices have undergone no essential change. We quote at 4 to 5c per pound for good, inferior to prime fat mutton sheep, and these may be regarded as the extremes of the market.

HOGS.

The transactions in Hogs were larger this week than during any preceding week for some time past, and prices are a shade better, in consequence of a slight improvement in New York. The advance will be fairly given at ½ to 1c per lb gross, for common to prime heavy averages.

SHIPMENTS OF STOCK DURING THE WEEK ENDING SEPT. 11, 1866.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Philadelphia	807	1750	—
New York	314	800	—
Baltimore	—	1475	—
Way Points	1175	—	15,500
Total	2296	4025	15,500

REPORTED SALES OF HOGS.

Seller.	*Buyer.*	*No.*	*Av.*	*Price*
Lafferty & Co. to Loyd		100	90	4 62
Lafferty to Robinson		102	88	4 62
Lafferty & Co. to Pratt		125	91	4 50
Lafferty & Co. to Pratt		90	83	4 75
Lafferty & Co. to Strainer		102	93	4 25
Green to Weary		107	—	4 50
Bowman to Rawl		100	—	4 12
White to Rawl		180	—	4 50
Eller to Rawl		366	—	4 50
Myers to Barclay		99	—	4 75
Breedlove to Deitrich		181	—	4 75
Bine to Deitrich		151	—	5 00
Gallus to Deitrich		689	—	4 50
Paxton to Paris		373	—	5 50

REPORTED SALES OF CATTLE.

Miller & Daly to Montague & Co. 71 head good Illinois steers, averaging 1225, at —; also, 5 head fairish heifers to Wickle, averaging 980, at 6¼.

Huff sold to Maynes 21 head fair cows and heifers at 5½, averaging 925. Cochran & Co. to Maynes & Co. 23 head, averaging 1025, at 7½; also, bought 18 head steers, averaging 1250, at 6¾. Huff to Maynes & Co. 18 head cows and heifers at 5½.

S. Smith & Co. to Kleman 36 head cattle, averaging 1225, at 6½ per head. Lafferty & Co. to Kleman 90 fairish cattle, averaging 1113, at 7¼.

Lafferty & Co. to Hunchberger 22 head of heifers at 5½, averaging about 700. Lafferty & Co. to Smith 22 head cows and steers, averaging 955, at 5½.

Daube to Klemen 100 head fairish stockers, averaging 960, at 6; sold to Diddier at a profit of $100 for the lot. Huff to Klemen 101 head good Missouri steers, averaging 1150, at 7¼. Huff to) Montague & Co. 51 head good steers, averaging 1291, at 7,40.

Wernz to Montague & Co. 101 head prime cattle, averaging 1285, at 7¾. Reported to McArdle 40 head, weighing 39,950, at 5,90. Huff to same buyer 56 head, weighing 56,150, at 6¼. Daube to Wernz 58 head, weighing 55,575, at 6¾.

Warner to McFillain 113 head of good cattle, weighing 124,700, at 8,90. Funkhouser to McLanahan 82 head, weighing 41,150, at 5,65. Smith to Jeffries 18 head at 5,80. Goldsmith to Wernz 36 head, weighing 39,925, at —. Huff to Swigert 5 head at 5¾.

Wernz to Hostetter 45 head of fairish cattle at 6¾. Wernz to Westhefer 44 head, weighing 48,350, at 6,25. Smith & Co. to Batten 90 head, weighing 94,600, at 6,40. Huff to Moore & Co. 110 head, weighing 102,375, at 6¾. Cannon to Weiler 18 head very common at 4¾.

Huff to Johnston 100 head, weighing 108,325, at 6¾. Wernz to Johns 23 head at 6¾. Voter to Moll 26 head at 5,65. Ward to John Smith & Co. 34 head, weighing 41,175, at 8. Huff to Evans 42 head at 5,70.

Shields to Voter 20 head, weighing 23,175, at 6. Bristol to Voter 18 head, weighing 22,100, at 7¼. Weinz to Dailey 79 head, weighing 85,270, at 7¼. Wernz to Snyder 20 head, weighing 20,925, at 6¾. Smith & Co. to Vanvoris 68 head, weighing 77,400, at 6¾.

Huff to Cassatt 107 head, weighing 114,775, at 7,87. Huff to Wolfley 19 head at 4,50 to 6,25. Traker to Mayers 5 head at 6½. Danbe to Hunchberger, weighing 69,475, at 6¾.

Williams to Mayers 29 head, weighing 16,425, at 5,85. Huff to Voter 62 head, weighing 58,050, at 6,40.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, Sept. 13.—Flour: 1,350 bbls No. 1 Spring at $11,900 bbls do. at $10,75, Western Spring $13,50, White Western $14,50. Wheat quiet and scarce. Corn—sales 55,000 bush at 66@66½c, closing at 70c for No. 1. Barley—sales 1,200 bush at $1. Rye nominal. Pork $35. Lard unchanged.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
THURSDAY, September 13, 1866.

The movements in produce continue on a rather limited scale, the operations generally, being mainly of a jobbing character, though in the aggregate there is a fair volume of business. Flour is somewhat excited and higher in consequence of the material advance in the West, but in other articles there are no new characteristics worthy of special notice.

GROCERIES—There is a fair jobbing demand and the market is firm and with the exception of Coffee, which is a shade easier, prices are well maintained. Brown Sugars—12 for fair; 13 for good; 14 for prime; 15 for choice; 15¾ to 16 for crushed; 16¾ for "A" Coffee; 16¾ for "B" 15¾ for "C" Extra; and 15 to 15¾ for Yellow. Rio Coffee is quoted at 28 to 29 for good to prime. Cuba Molasses, 65 to 75, and Porto Rico, 90 to 1,00. Rice, 10 to 11. Syrups range from 75 to $1,25, and Teas from $1,00 to $1,50, according to quality.

FLOUR—Continues very firm, and as the market is somewhat excited, prices have still further advanced. We now quote at $11,50 to $12 for good to choice Spring Wheat; $12,25 to $12,50 for half Spring and half Winter; and $12,75 to 13,50 for Winter Red, to-day, sales of 200 bbls "Desplains" at $11,75@12; 200 "Hydraulic" at $12; 100 "Crossetts" at $11,75; 100 "Conquest" at $11,75; and 100 "Invincible" at $12,75. Rye Flour is quoted higher, $9,50 to $9,75. Cornmeal unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm and in demand; sale of 1 car Extra No. 1 Spring at $2,40. Winter Wheat may be quoted at $2,35 to 2,75, sale of 2000 bush prime Ohio Oats, in elevator, at 38; also small sales at 42 to 43. Corn may be quoted at 77 to 78 for mixed and 80 for prime yellow—on track and in elevator. No movement in Barley. Rye is quoted at 95 to $1.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm and unchanged at 17,@17¾ for Shoulders; 19@20 for Ribsides and 23@25 for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is dull, but unchanged at 22 for prime kettle. Mess Pork is quoted at $34,50.

SEEDS—Timothy Seed is in good supply and very dull; small sales at $3 to 3¼. Flaxseed is in good demand at $3 to 3¼. Clover-seed is quoted at $7½ to 8.

APPLES—Coming in more freely, and, as a natural consequence, prices are lower, sales of one now quoted at $2 to $2 per bbl—choice in large sized bbls, $3.

BUTTER—Packed Butter is dull, and nominal. Fresh Butter in small packages, is selling at 28 to 30, and the demand is fair.

EGGS—Firm and fresh packed sell on arrival at 22.

CHEESE—Is firm, but unchanged; sales of Western Reserve at 15½ to 16½; Hamburg at 17 to 18, and Goshen at 20 to 21.

BEANS—Sale 9 bbls prime old at $1,75.

LIME—Selling from store at $2 per bbl.

SWEET POTATOES—Quoted at $5,50 per bbl.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
THURSDAY, Sept. 13, 1866.

CRUDE—The market for Crude is devoid of excitement or animation, and while the general feeling is toward dullness and stagnation, prices remain unchanged, at 45 to 46, bbls returned, and 42 to 43 bbls included, and these may be regarded as the extremes of the market. Sale of 500 bbls, in bulk, at 45½, 500 bbls at 46, and 500 bbls at 43, packages included, free on board cars. Telegrams from Oil City, report the Allegheny rising again at that point, and this, as a matter of course, sends Sellers there in a hurry, and holders say they are unwilling to make concessions in order to effect sales. We also learn that oil has advanced to $5 at old City, which, we presume, is in consequence of the resumption of navigation.

REFINED—There is still some inquiry for bonded oil, on the spot, at 58½ to 59, free on board cars here, or, 45 to 45½ delivered in Philadelphia, but there is little or none offering, and those who are in condition to sell are above the market in their views, and that and this put together, has a tendency to retard operations. We can report a sale of 500 bbls for the first half of October, at 45. Crude is quiet and nominal, and prices for December, there seems to be no inquiry whatever. Free Oil is quiet and unchanged; prime standard brands may be quoted at 58@60.

RAILWAY—The following arrivals of oil were reported to-day:

Little & Williams	300	Jas. Wilkins	125
Fisher & Bro	300	D. Bushnell	125
P. T. Hughes	300	Sandford & Co	100
J. F. Strickler	250	P. Lamb	100
Mackintosh & Co	250	J. W. Porter	100
Total	1825		

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Stock and Money Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—There is no change to notice in the position of the Money market. The contest for the Erie direction has existed very little apparent interest until to-day, when it loomed up in a formidable manner. The books closed at two o'clock, and large amounts of cash stock were loaned at 2 per cent, merely for the transfer. It is claimed that the opposition have 9,000 shares, while Mr. Drew has been known to purchase two blocks of 10,000 shares each, which is believed to be still in his possession, as stocks can be sold until the election with proxies attached, and probably the proxies themselves will be sold near a market value. It is thought that a change will be made to vote on real stock where the parties have sold it after the close of the books. It is an interesting fight, and probably the greatest effort ever made to influence the directors. The demand for Exchange is less active to-day, but bankers' bills are not offered very freely. Prime names are quoted at 109¼@109½. Government bonds are steady, and a fraction firmer towards the close in the gold bonds and 7.30 notes.

The compound notes are in demand, and the bulk of the business in Government is in anticipation of the payment of the Clearing House certificates by the Secretary, which would probably cause an increased demand for them. Sales of 1865's, new issue, at 106½ prices 5-20 Coupons, 1865, looking, Coupons, 1862's, July 105½, 105¾@106. The stock market gained strength towards the close.

The following are the closing prices: The stock market shows a weaker tone, principally as the result of the bearing operations. Governments are weak, under the lower prices for 5-20's from London, the quiet and being generally the same as at the close of business yesterday.

We understand that the Secretary of the Treasury has resolved upon paying, at an early day, the remaining portion of the temporary loan represented by Clearing House certificates, amounting at $65,385,000. The banks have presented a memorial to the Secretary requesting that the liquidation may be made in installments, their desire being to have the payments made in four equal parts. Money is comparatively easy on call at 5 per cent to A 1 borrowers, and 6 per cent to others. Discounts are fairly active, at 6@6 per cent for prime names varying from two to four months.

Foreign Exchange shows a very decided advance, attributed partly to large speculative purchases of commercial bills, and of bills drawn against 5-20s, the advance of which has kept the market down, and partly to purchase for payment for specie lately arrived. Transactions, however, have fallen off in consequence of the rise at noon, and the market shows a disposition to reach downward Gold is again weak and the demand is chiefly confined to importers, and there are no operations of moment for a rise. Loans are made at 1-32 per cent. per day.

The *Post's* money article says: The loan market is easy, with more disposition to lend among leading banks. Commercial paper unchanged. Stocks are steady but irregular. Governments are dull. Railroad shares are steady. After the Board New York Central was 94¾, Hudson River, 122, Illinois Central 121, Erie, 71.

The following are the quotations at the four o'clock open board: Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, 28@28½; Western Union Telegraph, 58½ to 58¾; Erie, do 73 days, 68¾; New York Central, 8 s, 105¾; do, 10 days, 105¾; Erie, 8, 37½; Reading, 114¾; M s and N, 92¾; Chicago and Rock Island, 94 to 94¼; 10s, 108¼; Illinois Central, 121 to 121½; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 85½; Chicago and Northwestern, 35½; do preferred, 8 s, 65½.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 13.—Cotton steady at 33 to 35½ for middling uplands, with some sales reported as high as 36. Flour more active and better, but with limited demand closed dull, with the advance lost, and tendency downward, at $7,10@10,25 for extra State, $9,40@11,50 for round hoop Ohio, and $11,00@13,25 for trade brands, closing with no buyers at outside quotations. Wheat opened firmer, but closed dull with advance lost, and strong downward tendency, 1,741 bus from store under State and Chicago spring, on private terms. Receipts, 253,363 bush., without decided change; sales 109,000 bush. at $2 for inferior, $2,48@3 for shipping and $3,05@3,20 for milling, chiefly at $3, and 80@85 for western yellow. Oats—receipts 142,800 bush.; dull and declining; sales of 29,000 bush. at 42@47 for Chicago and 46@48 for Milwaukee. Coffee firm and quiet. Sugar quiet; Cuba 10¾@11¾. Molasses quiet; Cuba 45@50. Petroleum quiet, at 28 for crude and 45@46 for refined, in bond. Pork heavy and dropping off, $33,50@33,70 for new, closing nominally at $33,50 cash; $34@34,25 for old do., and $39 for prime; also, 3750 bbls. new mess, for September to January, sellers' and buyers' option, at $37,50@37,75. Beef dull and heavy. Lard quiet for new plain mess and 19@23 for new extra mess; also 450 bbls. old plain mess, $7,50. Bacon quiet and firm; Cumberland cut 15¾@16. Lard dull and lower, at 17¼@20, and small sales at 20½. Butter dull at 25@32 for Ohio, and 35@50 for State.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, September 13.—The market continues active. Prints—Merrimac W, 21; Merrimac D, 20; Cocheco, 20½; Pacific, 19; London Mourning, 19½; Wamsutta, 44; Empire, 40; Brown Drills—Amoskeag, 24; Boat Mills, 25; Stark H, 20; Winthrop, 19. Corset Jeans—Batten, 15; Laronia, 21; Peperell, 23; Washington Satteen, 28; Nick—Amoskeag, A 0, 63½; Amoskeag B, 40; Amoskeag C, 35; Amoskeag D, 30. Stripes—York, 34; Arasapha, 20; Haymaker, 28.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, September 13.—Flour opened excited at an advance of 15@25c; at the close the advance was lost; sales at $10,25@11,00 for Spring; do. Wheat opened excited, at an advance of 10c; $2,19@2,21 for No. 1, and $1,98@2,00 for No. 2; the market closed dull at $2,08@2,09 for No. 1, and $1,90 for No. 2. Corn steady at 56c for No. 1, 55@55½c for No. 2. Oats dull, at 31c for No. 1, and 27@28c for No. 2. Provisions dull.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, Sept. 12.—Flour active, but unchanged; $11,00 for Spring; $12,50 for red winter, and $15,00 for double extra. Wheat scarce and quotations nominal. Corn firm, but dull; No 1 Illinois, 76c. Other grains scarce and nominal. Canal Freights steady; flour 25c, wheat 30c, barley 9c, rye 10c, and oats 7c to New York; lumber $4,00 to the Hudson.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, September 13.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat advanced 5c; common to choice red, $2,75@2,80. Corn advanced 1c; yellow, 92c; western mixed, 89@91c. Coffee quiet; Rio, 19c; gold. Sugar dull. Mess Pork, $34,00@34,50. Lard, 20¾@20¾. Whiskey unchanged.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 13.—Flour very firm, and the stock is light. Wheat active; No. 1 prime scarce. Corn steady; No. 1 white 88@89c; yellow 86@87c. Provisions quiet. Lard drooping. Coffee firm. Whisky firm; western $2,38.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 13.—Flour firm. Wheat, $2,04. Corn, 56c.

PITTSBURGH GLASS MARKET.

The glass manufacturers of Pittsburgh have issued the following circular:

Believing that purchasers, consumers and manufacturers of Window Glass would be benefited by adopting a uniform standard price throughout the United States, we have decided to accept the rates used by Eastern Manufacturers and Importers as their Card or Book Prices, subject to such rates of discount as may be agreed upon from time to time.

	1st qual.	1st qual
6 by 8 to 8 by 10	$6 00	$6 50
8 by 11 to 10 by 15	6 50	7 00
11 by 14 to 12 by 18	7 00	7 50
13 by 18 to 16 by 24	8 50	
18 by 22 to 18 by 30	10 00	
20 by 30 to 24 by 30	12 00	
24 by 30 to 24 by 36	13 00	
25 by 36 to 30 by 44	15 00	
30 by 45 to 32 by 45	16 00	

Double Thick charged at double above rates. All fractions of inches shall be counted as full inches, and all sizes not specified in the classification shall be charged according to bracket, indicated by greatest length or breadth.

Iron Markets.

NEW YORK, September 12.—The market for Scotch pig is firm, the demand having increased; 100 tons Glengarnock sold at $46 ex ship; 300 do, from yard, $47; 100 do, mostly from yard, $47 for Eglinton; and $49 for Gartsherrie; and 400 do Summerlee, just received, before arrival, on terms not made public. Of American, the offerings and demand are equally light, and the market is quiet; No. 1 may be quoted at $48@50, of Elizabethport—50 tons brought the latter price.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., Sept. 13—2 hhds tobacco, A Schaub; 3 do do, Weyman & Bro; 2 do do, M Heyl; 10 pkgs rags, Mark & Co; 102 bundles iron, Lyon & Co; 1 car millfeed, W Bingham; 30 cars metal, Nimick & co; 4 do do, J Moorhead; 20 bxs cheese, E H Myers & co; 20 bbls apples, 5 kgs lard, Graff & Reiter; 10 bbls apples, H Riddle; 10 do candles, Bryan & Caughey; 100 bbls flour, D Wallace; 15 tcs lard, F sellers & co; 300 bbls flour, Shomaker & Lang; 100 do do, T C Jenkins; 100 do do, Culp & Shepard; 100 do do, W Lindsay; 5 casks lard, Graff & Hugus; 25 bbls flour, J Gardiner; 4 bbls apples, Cook, Bro & co; 8 bbls tobacco, J W Taylor; 34 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 10 bxs cheese, H Dippmeyer; 20 do do candles, Baird & Patton; 10 bbls apples, W J Meek; 10 cars wheat, J S Liggett & co; 2 do do A Jones & Son; 1 car millfeed, Wm Bingham.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAIL ROAD.—September 13—6 cars whiskey, Dan Wallace; 10 do metal, Nimick & co; 5 do do blooms, J Moorhead; 14 bbls apples, Pettit & Nowlin; 14 bags rye, T C Jenkins; 15 do do, Potter, Aiken & Shepard; 15 sks wheat, A Colon; 15 sks do, Wm Bingham; 2 do do, Shomaker & Lang; 9 bbls apples, H Riddle.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI R. R., Sept. 13—30 bbls flour, Watt & Wilson; 1 car wheat, Hitchcock, McCreery & co; 1 car millfeed, W Bingham; 1 car staves, Lare am